Bombay Gazette,
ELECTRIC PRINTING WORKS.
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THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,192—New Series. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

NESTLÉ'S CONDENSED MILK
Richest in Cream
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1910.				
6th Nov.	MARMORA	10609	....	...
8th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
3rd Dec.	PERSIA	7951	....	...
10th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
17th "	ARABIA	7903	....	...
24th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
31st "	EGYPT	7912	....	...
1911				
7th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
14th "	HIMALAYA	6898	....	...
21st "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9621
28th "	CALEDONIA	7558	....	...
4th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7932
11th "	DELTA	8063	....	...
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	10885
25th "	ARABIA	7933	....	...
4th March	MALWA	10883	....	...
11th "	EGYPT	7912	....	...
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
25th "	* ARCADIA	7000	....	...
31st "	PERSIA	7951	....	...
1st April	MARMORA	10609	....	...
8th "	CALEDONIA	7558	....	...
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
22nd "	EGYPT	7912	....	...
29th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
6th May	ARABIA	7903	....	...
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
20th "	EGYPT	7912	....	...

The above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place by 1-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER, At Special Rates.

The S. S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1911 direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 352 or Rs. 394	Rs. 744 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea	Rs. 528 or Rs. 627	Rs. 791 or Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued at favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. CO.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,
BOMBAY.
PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge,
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis,
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA :	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON :	GRINDLAY & Co.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. Rubattino	4580	L. Manchini	15th Dec. 1910
D. Baldino	4,580	D. Maganzinie	15th Jan. 1911

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets avail-able two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 723; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Nov. 1910
Capri	6,000	D. Morosco	16th Dec. "
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Jan. 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to ..... to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH)
VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins, amidships, for First Class Passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

Tons. Leave Bombay about
s. s. Umsinga ..... 4,500 5th December, 1910.

Fare Rs. 375.

NEW NATAL LINER.

Steamer "Umona" will be sailing for WEYMOUTH, about the 28th December. Fares Rs. 375 to Rs. 420 according to accommodation.

For further particulars, apply to :—

W & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

SHIPPING

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing. Date.	Time.	Route via.
Kola	1205	Thurs. 17th Nov.	9 a.m.	via C. M.
Lhasa	2171	Fri. 18th Nov.	6 a.m.*	direct.
Linga	2171	Mon. 21st Nov.	11 a.m.	†P D & C M

* Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
† Porebunder, Dwarka and Gutch Mandvi.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI KARACHI AND BUSHEH (Weekly).

S. S. "Kola," 1205 tons, on Thursday, 17th Nov. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR VERAWAL, MANGROLE, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "Matura," 1956 tons, on Monday, the 21st November, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA, (Fortnightly.)

S. S. "Landaura," 3,308 tons, on or about the 19th November.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

15th November, 1910.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
Salazie	4,147	Riquier	3rd Dec. 1910.
Armand-Behic	6,385	Guiounet	22nd Dec. 1910.
Australien	6,365	Mouton	19th Jan. 1911.
Nera	5,538	Casanova	16th Feb. 1911.
Yarra	4,142	Ristorcelli	16th Mar. 1911.
Dumbea	5,685	Rebufat	13th April 1911.
Polynesien	6,363	Bruno	11th May 1911.
Australien	6,365	Mouton'	8th June 1911.
Salazie	4,147	Riquier	6th July 1911.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigation General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about.
Nera	5,538	Casanova	2nd Dec. 1910.
Yarra	4,142	Ristorcelli	30th Dec. 1910.

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDEZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	29th Nov. 1910
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	15th Dec. "
Olympia	5124	W. Robertson	29th " "
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	16th Jan. 1911
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	25th " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	11th Feb. "

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Elysia	6368	A. Haig	25th Feb. 1911
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	16th Mar. "
Olympia	5124	W. Robertson	26th " "
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	16th Apl. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	24th " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	7th May "
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	20th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	10th June "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 808	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,

BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

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CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

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11 Gold Medals awarded.
Number of inventions patented
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MANUFACTURERS OF FIRE,
FALL & BURGLAR PROOF SAFES,
LOCKS AND STRONG ROOMS,

OURS is the OLDEST FIRM in India of its kind.

Fireproof composition under the Supervision of the famous scientist, Prof. T. K. Gajjar, M. A., B. Sc., F. C. S.

The inspection of our wares is respectfully invited.

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HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, Ld.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£	1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£	800,000
RESERVE FUND	£	800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Chittagong,	Newera-Eliya,
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Cochin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy	Entebbe,
Cawnpore		

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realizing interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY. J. BLACK, Ag. Manager.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, Ld

CAPITAL (Paid up)	Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)	Rs. 28,00,000

HEAD OFFICE : SIMLA.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS :

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description, transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

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Post Box No. 45.

HEAD OFFICE :—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E.
Liverpool and Manchester.

Capital Fcs. 200,000,000, (£8,000,000.)

Capital (fully paid up)	£ 8,000,000
Surplus	£ 1,360,000

LONDON BANKERS:—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France Bombay, Tunis, Melbourne, Sydney, Cairo, Alexandria Port Said and all principal towns on Madagascar.

Current Accounts opened and fixed deposits received at terms to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credits issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold, Silver, Merchandise to

S. KISSEL,
Acting Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 16,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	JOHORE, (Malay Peninsula,)	PENANG
BANGKOK	KOBE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KUALA LUMPUR (Federated Malay States,)	SAIGON
BOMBAY	LONDON;	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LYONS	SHANGHAI
CANTON	MALACCA,	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO	MANILA	SOURABAYA
FOOCHOW	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HANKOW	PEKING	YLOILO
HONGKONG		
IPOH (Federated Malay States.)		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every discription of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

O. H. WILSON,
Agent.

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

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Opals of Fire.
Opals of Carmine Red.
Opals of Rose Pink.
Opals of Greenish Yellow.
Opals of Honey Yellow.
Opals of Blue.
Opals of Greenish Blue.
Opals of Indigo Blue.
Opals of Harlequin Colours.
Opals of Grey Blue.
Opals of Colour Flashes.
Opals of Azure.
Opals of Brownish Green.
Opals of Bluish Purple.
Opals of Violet.

RAINBOW COLOURED OPALS.

OCTOBER.—
"October's child is born for woe,
And life's vicissitudes must know,
But lay an OPAL on her breast,
And HOPE will lull those woes to rest."

Those who attach the highest importance to the wearing of their LUCKY STONE will be interested to learn that we have just received a supply of unset Opals which we have separated into groups of different colours, and amongst which we have found a collection of the RAREST BLACK OPALS that have ever been seen in India before. The fullness, richness and beauty of colour is absolutely beyond description.

Pliny described the Opal as combining in itself the fiery red of the ruby, the magnificent green of the Emerald, the golden yellow of the Topaz, the deep blue of the Sapphire and rich violet of the Amethyst. The collection, we now have on view, combines all the colours mentioned by Pliny, the colours of the rainbow, and much also that has hitherto been unnoticed or unrecorded can be detected in many of the pieces which make up a grand selection.

Marcks & Co., Ltd., BOMBAY AND POONA.
Jewellers and Watchmakers.

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C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE HOUSE for the following Dried Desert Nuts, namely, WALNUTS, ALMONDS, and HAZELNUTS. Price as usual.

Consignments for THE SEASON just unpacked from HIGH CLASS FIRMS :—

MALAGA RAISINS,	(Extra choice) in 5½ lbs. box	...at Rs. 5.
Do.	(Extra) in 5½ lbs. box	...at Rs. 4.
Do.	(Extra) in 4½ lbs. box	...at Rs. 3-8.
Do.	(Ordinary choice) in 5½ lbs. box	...at Rs. 3-4.
SPANISH IMPERIAL FIGS in 1 lb. box		...at Re. 1.
SPANISH FRESH GRAPES in barrels (loose) per lb.		Re. 1.

ITALIAN FIGS in 2 lbs. baskets at Re. 1 per basket.

SPECIAL TERMS will be quoted for Clubs, Messes, Hotels, and the Trades, on written application.

The Public in general are invited to inspect our Stores or apply for our Price List, which will be posted free.

MONGINÍ BROTHERS,

The Firm for CHOCOLATES.

CHOCOLATE CREAMS,	CHOCOLATE IN FANCY BOXES,
CHOCOLATE ALMONDS,	CAILLER'S CHOCOLATE,
CHOCOLATE NOUGAT,	FRY'S CHOCOLATE,
CHOCOLATE CROQUETTES,	PETER'S CHOCOLATE,
CHOCOLATE IN PACKETS,	CADBURY'S CHOCOLATE.
CHOCOLATE IN TINS,	

Mongini's Fresh-made Assorted CHOCOLATE in 1/2 lb. and 1 lb. Cartons, Re. 1 and Rs. 2.

MONGINI BROTHERS,
25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.
NEW CONFECTIONERY and CHOCOLATE WORKS:—15, 16, 17, TAMARIND LANE.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, or illness, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order Sixpence, from The Vetarzo Remedies Co., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

Agents for India—TEARLE AND CO., LTD. HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

NINE SEASONS ON ONE PAIR OF DUNLOP TYRES

Extract from a letter, written on 25th June, 1910, by Mr. C. S. JARVIS, 114, Lambton Road, Raynes Park, S. W.

"The Bicycle was purchased in November, 1901, and the Original Tyres (Dunlop Roadster Covers, 28 × 1½ in.) are running yet. I regret I cannot give you mileage covered, as I have not kept a record. Certainly the Tyres are now approaching final dissolution, but can be made to do a little longer. Apart from actual wear, it is surely wonderful testimony to the splendid material used, as it might have been expected, even if not used, the Tyres would have "perished" by this time. If that is not value extraordinary, I have not come across it.

"I may add I scale some 11 stone 6 lbs., am an ardent cyclist in most weathers, and at times a hard rider."

FIRST IN 1888; FOREMOST EVER SINCE.

GOLFERS! HAVE YOU TRIED THE CHAMPION GOLF BALL,
THE DUNLOP "ORANGE SPOT"
AND THE "JUNIOR?"
THE VERY BEST BALL ON THE MARKET.

THE DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRE Co., Ltd.
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THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., Ltd.

GRAHAMS BUILDINGS.
BOMBAY.

B. O. C. LUBRICANTS.

SPINDLE OILS.	GINNING OILS.
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CYLINDER OILS.	MINERAL GREASES.

THE BURMAH OIL COMPANY, LTD.

Agents :—SHAW, WALLACE & CO., BOMBAY.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.
Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Rs. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Rs. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY
DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA,
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 3 p. m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW-YEAR HOLIDAYS' RETURN TICKETS AT REDUCED RATES.

FIRST and SECOND CLASS RETURN TICKETS at SINGLE FARES for the double journey, will be issued between any two Stations, over 100 miles apart over the G. I. P. Railway, from the 1st to 31st December, 1910, and will be available for completion of the Return Journey upto the midnight of the 14th January, 1911.

This concession will also be applicable to Stations short of 101 miles provided Fares are paid as for 101 miles.

Full particulars of the concession allowed over other Railways can be obtained at Stations or from the Undersigned.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 12th November, 1910.

NOTIFICATION.

ENQUIRIES regarding ACCOMMODATION at the APOLLO BANDAR, on the occasions of the ARRIVAL of the RIGHT HONOURABLE the LORD HARDINGE of PENSHURST, P. C., G. C. S., G. C. S. I., G. C. M. G., G. C. I. E., G. C. V. O., I. S. O., on FRIDAY, the 18th November, 1910, and the DEPARTURE of HIS EXCELLENCY the RIGHT HONOURABLE SIR GILBERT JOHN ELLIOT-MURRAY-KYNYNMOUND, EARL of MINTO, P. C., G. M. S. I., G. C. M. G., G. M. I. E., Viceroy and Governor-General, on FRIDAY, the 25th idem, should be made in writing to the Undersigned.

The address must be given when a reply or a card is requested.

E. M. PROES, A. M. Inst., C. E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.

Bombay, 9th November, 1910.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

WILLIAM JACKS & CO.
HAVE REMOVED TO
NEW OFFICES AT
5, MURZBAN ROAD.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TENDERS FOR THE PURCHASE OF SECOND-HAND MATERIAL AND UNSERVICEABLE STORES, VIZ., RAIL PIECES, CAST AND WROUGHT IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, TYRES AND WHEELS SCRAP, BRASS SCRAP, SURPLUS STORES SUCH AS NAILS IRON CUT, NAILS GALVANIZED CLOUT, STEEL CAST TRIANGULAR, STEEL ROUND AND SQUARE, STEEL WIRE, SCREWS WOOD IRON, REFLECTORS, PRESSES COPYING, ETC., ETC.

THE AGENT is prepared to receive tenders at his office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (S.T.) on WEDNESDAY, the 23rd November, 1910, for the purchase of above, which can be seen on application to the Company's Wharf Superintendent, Wadi Bandar, Assistant Storekeeper, Jhansi and at this Depot.

TENDERS.—These must be made out on the Company's authorised forms, which can be had on application to the undersigned at his office on payment of Rs. 2 per copy.

TERMS.—A sum equivalent to 10 per cent. of value of the material tendered for (subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,000) must accompany each Tender as a guarantee of good faith in due fulfilment of contract, failure in which shall entail the forfeiture of the deposit without the Railway having to prove any loss by the transaction. Only cash or Currency Notes (on which no interest will be allowed) or Government Promissory Notes, will be received as deposits, and if the latter, they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company or order."

PAYMENT.—To be made to the Company's Cashier, Bombay, on receipt of acceptance of the offer.

NOT 3.—The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender.

APPLICANTS are requested not to tender for more material than they are able to pay for and remove WITHIN ONE MONTH from the date of acceptance of Tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.

GENERAL STOREKEEPER'S OFFICE,
PAREL, 20TH OCTOBER, 1910.

SALE OF SALVAGE OF MACHINERY AND BUILDING MATERIALS AT THE BARODA SPINNING AND WEAVING MILL, BARODA.

THE Adjustment Committee of the Insurance Offices concerned will receive private offers for the PURCHASE of the following MACHINERY and BUILDING MATERIALS saived from the recent fire at the above Mill:—

1. All the Machinery and Building Salved in Block 4: the former includes salvage of—

35	Roller Carding Engines.			
15	Revolving Flat Cards.			
4	Drawing Frames 3 heads by 6 deliveries.			
1	" " "	3 "	by 5	"
2	" " "	2 "	by 5	"
6	Slubbing Frames each 64 Spindles.			
1	" "	" "	72	"
11	Intermediate "	" "	96	"
24	Roving "	" "	128	"
17	Ring Frames each 320 Spindles,		2 5-8 ins.	gauge.
16	" " "	372 "	2 1-4 ins.	"
3	" " "	334 "	2 1-4 ins.	"
8	Selfacting Mules "	636 "	1 3-8 ins.	"

the Building Salvage includes about 80 Cast Iron Columns, Corrugated Iron Sheets, Cast Iron Gutters and Cast Iron Rain Water Pipes.

2. The Machinery and Building Salvage of Block No. 5 (Ground Floor only), being the salvage of 60 Hand Reels, 40 Hanks, 24 Cast Iron Columns, Corrugated Iron Sheets, Cast Iron Gutters and Cast Iron Rain Water Pipes.

The above include all Shafting Pulleys, Mill gearing spare parts, Change Wheels, Piping, etc. The external walls of the Blocks named and the Machinery and Building of the Cellar under the Reeling Room are not included.

Amounts should be stated in the Tenders for each block separately.

Two months from the date of intimation of acceptance of any Tender will be allowed for the clearing of the salvage from the Mill premises.

The vendors do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any Tender.

Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and be sealed and sent to the Undersigned on or before 25th November, 1910.

A. F. FERGUSON & Co.,
Adjusters.

Graham's Buildings, Parsi Bazaar Street, Bombay,
10th November, 1910.

JARRAH WOOD

WESTRALIAN JARRAH, STEAM, SAWN SCANTLINGS, suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame-work, Cotton Bale Ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. A large assortment of Scantling sizes and lengths always kept in stock at our MAZAGON DEPOT, Victoria Road.

Price List and Sample Free on Application.

MILLARS' KARRI & JARRAH CO. (1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDINGS,
Horaby Road,
BOMBAY.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey." Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE SHOW OF SUCCESSES.

FRANK FILLIS' GREAT CIRCUS

SITUATED:
Gamdevi Road, behind the Gowalia Tank Fire Brigade Station,
First turning to the left when over Kennedy Bridge.

Unanimously admitted by Press and Public to be the Best, Biggest and Brightest EUROPEAN CIRCUS EVER SEEN in Bombay.

TREMENDOUS SUCCESS!
TREMENDOUS SUCCESS!!
EVERY ITEM ENCORED.
TO-DAY! TO-DAY!!
at 4 O'clock
OUR
4 GRAND FAMILY MATINEE 4
Doors open at 3 o'clock.

Children half Price to any part of the Tent.

Each and every child entering the Tents on Wednesday will receive a number for a coupon entitling them.

A SPECIALLY prepared PROGRAMME will be presented on Saturday.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!! TO-NIGHT!!!
ANOTHER GRAND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
will be presented including
FRANK E. FILLIS'
Famous impression of
DICK TURPIN'S RIDE TO YORK
and the
DEATH OF BONNIE BLACK BESS.

BLACK BESS, the Arab blood mare, the theme of admiration the world over. The Press and Public in South Africa have, for over 30 years, eulogised Frank Fillis's production of DICK TURPIN, and the present BLACK BESS is absolutely the acme of perfection. In her dying scene she actually gasps for breath and dies like a human actor on the stage. The thousands who have witnessed this play have actually believed that BONNIE BLACK BESS had breathed her last, as the realisation is so perfect.

Part I.—THE RENDEZVOUS AT KILBURN.
Part II.—The Ride to York.
Part III.—The Death of Bonnie Black Bess.

DICK TURPIN
Will be produced
TO-NIGHT.

The one thing that has made Fillis' Circus famous in all parts of the World.

On a grand and better scale than ever.

New and appropriate Dresses and Scenery, presenting a cast of over 60 persons. The Turnpike-gates, 6 feet high.

Who misses DICK TURPIN loses the treat of a life time.

NEW AND BRILLIANT ACTS.

In the 1st part of the programme everything new and entertaining.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:
Full Box, Seats, Rs. 20. Single Seats, Box, Rs. 4.
First Chairs, Rs. 3. Second Chairs, Rs. 2.
Stalls (European Gallery), Rs. 1.
Gallery (Natives only), As. 8.

Booking at SOUNDY & Co.

N. B.—Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform Half-price to the One and Two Rupees Seats.

Special space reserved for Zenana Ladies; seats can be reserved at the Circus Tent Daily.

Special Tram Service to all parts of Bombay after the Performance is over.

Circus Telephone No. 1698 where seats can be booked at any time.

D. B. MACPHERSON, Business Manager. GEORGE OSCAROFF, Advance Agent.

REQUIRED TWENTY EURASIAN BOYS for Wednesday Night. Apply CIRCUS early.

THE EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH
AT THE
NOVELTY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT,
A brilliant Programme of all Star films.,
OUR SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS.
"FOOLSHEAD IN THE LION'S DEN."
The audience went into roars on Saturday night at the screamingly funny antics of our popular comedian. As a lion tamer he is unique.
"A TRIP ON THE LAKE OF GARDA."
This film was acknowledged by one and all to be one of the finest scenic films we have exhibited. The sunrise and sunset effects are magnificent.
COME AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELVES.
TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

SKATING RINK
NEAR NEW POST OFFICE.
OPEN DAILY.
PRACTICE SESSION 8 to 9 a. m.
LADIES' only " 9 to 10 a. m.
EVENING " 6 to 8.
BAND THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS.
NIGHT SESSION 9-30 to 11-30
BAND EVERY NIGHT.
SATURDAYS UNTIL MIDNIGHT.

BOMBAY CITY POLICE CLUB.
QUADRILLE PARTY.
TOWN HALL.
FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 18TH, 1910.
Tickets Rs. 2 each to admit one Lady and Gentleman, Extra Lady's Tickets Re. 1 each, can be obtained at the various Police Stations and from
A. FINAN,
Hon. Secretary,
Bazar Gate Police Station.

BOMBAY COMMERCIAL GYMKHANA.
Comic Operetta,
THE MAHATMA.
BY SPECIAL REQUEST
A PUBLIC PERFORMANCE
will be given at 9-30 P. M.
TO-NIGHT
For the Benefit of Mr. LINTON DAVID
(Musical Director.)
Tickets Rs. 2 to be obtained at the Door.

CLARKES. B. 41. PILLS.
A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

ALWAYS go where you will get what you want without delays.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

WANTED a qualified and experienced CLERK for the Account Department of an Exchange Bank. Apply with Copies of Testimonials, stating age, qualifications, and salary required, to Box No. 10248, care of this Paper."

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years, during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL, Malabar Hill, Bombay.

IMPORTANT TO MOTORISTS.—Decalcifier. The great Calcium solvent will absolutely remove calcium and incrustations from Radiators and other parts. Stocked by THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummum Street, Bombay.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas, Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY and Co., Limited, Bombay.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H. Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 ½d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

FOR SALE.—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

SALES & MORTGAGES arranged in the shortest possible time.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete resume of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available 8 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts Apply to the Manager The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per one thousand, and name and address be printed on the flap, Rs. 4 per thousand. Samples on application at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Customers expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc

ALBERT VICTOR COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.
(For all Communities)
MATHERAN.
WELLKNOWN for its position, extent, and suitability of accommodation for Single ladies and gentlemen, and for families. Excellent Cuisine and Cleanliness. Tiled Flooring in every Bedroom, Bathroom, Dressing and Verandah.
Separate Billiard and Restaurant Saloon for the use of the Hotel-residents and for outsiders. Send for printed list of Rates and Charges, and for Card giving details of size of rooms and verandah of each detached block of building.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL. FACING THE SEA. FORT BOMBAY.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.
DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.
They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE.
THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

WANTED AT ONCE A GRADUATE for the post of PRIVATE SECRETARY, to the Sar Desai of Savantvadi. Pay Rs. 75 p.m. Knowledge of Marathi necessary. Apply with testimonials to
THE POLITICAL AGENT,
Savantvadi.

WANTED FOR THE ZANZIBAR GOVERNMENT.

1. ENGINEERING DRAFTSMAN with a good knowledge of Civil Engineering and Machinery. Able to prepare working drawings for Bridges, Roads, Waterworks, Drainage, etc. One who has had practical workshop experience would be preferable. Salary commencing Rs. 200 per mensem with possible increase to Rs. 250.

2. A good practical duly qualified PLUMBER, to act as Water Inspector, for the town of Zanzibar. Reply stating salary expected.

Each candidate to be called upon to produce besides his testimonials, certificates of competency, or diplomas from some duly recognized examining body with special reference to these subjects with which they will have to deal with in the execution of their respective duties. Each candidate must have a good knowledge of English and must pass a medical examination.

Apply with copies of references and testimonials to box No. 1704, care of this Paper.

BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.
Capital paid up.....Gold $ 3,250,000.00
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits.....Gold $ 3,305,710.96
LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House.
Bishopsgate Street, Within E.C.—
BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Washington.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Mexico.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Panama.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Colon.
Manila.	Kobe.	Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.
BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.
Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... „ 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND..... „ 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:
The Hon'ble SIR SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart. (Messrs. J. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
THE HON'BLE MR. H. R. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)
RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Mangjee and Co., Bombay).
The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY Esq. (Messrs. Khetsey Khaisey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Amarchand, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.
B. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security,
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE:
"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."
BRANCHES:
Surat, Baroda, Ahmedabad, Bhawnagar, Hyderabad (Sind) and Karachi.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 50,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.
Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager

SPECIAL OFFER.
COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand and if printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand. Samples on application at THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
CAPITAL.....£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....£1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£1,200,000
HEAD OFFICE
3, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN, LONDON, E. C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.	Manilla
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Cebu
Calcutta	Singapore	Hongkong
Madras	Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.)	Foochow
Rangoon	Klang (F. M. States.	Shanghai
Colombo	Seremban (F. M States)	Tientsin
Karachi	Bangkok	Hankow
Amritsar	Batavia	Yokohama
Penang	Sourabaya	Kobe
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.)	Saigon	New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.
POST BOX No. 34,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. J. S. BRUCE, Acting Agent.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS .....£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS .....£ 285,000
HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.
LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of tae half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.
ESTABLISHED 1880.
CAPITAL PAID UP...Yen. 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ... „ 16,600,000
HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Nagasaki
Bombay	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tiehling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo
Fengtien (Mukden)	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BOOKS FOR SALE

ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.

LAYS OF THE LAW,
(A Selection of Leading Cases.)
By W. E. H. Re. 1.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc. on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights
By L. P. Parikh, Rs. 6.

Apply "The Bombay Gazette" Office.

The Bombay Gazette. Christmas Number, 1910.

TO BE PUBLISHED
MID-DECEMBER.

THE CHRISTMAS NUMBER of the "Bombay Gazette" this year will surpass previous issues in attractiveness and interest.

Each succeeding issue has surpassed its predecessor in literary merit and in circulation, therefore the Proprietors have decided on offering a number this year which will eclipse all previous ones.

Arrangements have been made for a series of Stories and Sketches by a score of the best known authors.

The following are among other features already arranged for:—

THE GOLDEN GIRL,
By
GEORGE R. SIMS.

GENERAL BURTON'S GHOST,
By
KATHARINE TYNAN.

MISTLETOE & ROSEMARY,
By
ALICE & CLAUDE ASKEW.

A CHRISTMAS TOY,
By
TOM GALLON.

NANCY'S NEW YEAR ADVENTURE,
By
HAROLD BLINDLOSS.

THE MAGIC MISTLETOE,
By
W. E. NORRIS.

MERE CROSS,
By
JOHN STRANGE WINTER.

UNCLE BEN,
By
M. H. POYNTER.

A MIDSUMMER CHRISTMAS DAY,
By
W. A. McKENZIE.

A YULETIDE MYSTERY,
By
E. EVERETT GREEN.

LOVE THE MAGICIAN,
By
A. MacCLURE WARNOCK.

DRAWING ROOM MAGIC,
By
CALTON.

HOW SANTA CLAUS CAME TO HOLLY HOUSE,
By
QUEENIE SCOTT-HOOPER.

LOUIS WAIN'S CAT SKETCHES.

PICTORIAL HUMOUR,
By
HILDA COWHAM AND OTHERS.

Sketches by Seymour Hicks, Ellaline Terriss, Harry Lauder, Marie Studholm, and other well-known actors and actresses.

Space for Advertisements will necessarily be restricted and it will therefore be necessary for intending advertisers to apply early for space and position to

THE MANAGER,
The "Bombay Gazette,"
2, Green Street,
FORT.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY;
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF CHESTNUT WALER MARE.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of Dorabji Dhanjibhai Dadysett and Manekji Nusserwanji Paruki insolvents, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, in Bank Street, Fort, on MONDAY, the 21st instant, at 3 p.m. (S.T.)—

1 handsome chestnut waler, about 7 years, going in harness.

The above mare is open for inspection at Mr. Baldock's Stable, at Bellasis Road.

SALE ON SUNDAY, the 27th November.

On SUNDAY, the 27th instant, at 2-30 p.m, (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at 3rd Victoria Cross Lane, Byculla, near the Byculla Station, the very valuable and neat teakwood and blackwood household furniture of the latest design made to order, such as sliding dining tables by Robert, and chairs, mirrored sideboard and dinner waggon, meatsafe, drawing-room suit of sofas and chairs in 10 pieces, elegant side and corner cabinets, marble and tiled topped tables and teapoys, book case, Chubb's fire-proof safe, handsome English made solid brass, mother of pearl inlaid bedstead with side wings on castors, specially brought from Home, mirror door almyrahs, cloths and gown presses, chest of drawers marble-topped dressing and washhand tables, carpets, books, oil paintings, nearly new piano, English large clock, figured large size lamps, large chest for plated war, single and double bedsteads, rich table ornaments, old blackwood, carved chiffoniers and tables, elegant mother of pearl inlaid folding screen, fancy music clock under glass dome, Singer's sewing machine, barometer, ice box with refrigerator, rich glassware and crockeryware, best plateware by Elkington and others, silver spoons and forks rubber-tyred victoria in good order bicycle, jail made cane furniture, etc., the property of Captain J. W. Baldwin and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 16th November, 1910.

BENNETT & COMPANY
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LARGE PEARL NECKLACE.

ON SATURDAY, the 19th instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, at 4 P.M. (S.T.).—

On account of the concerned the following:—

One very valuable necklace of three strings, containing about 147 large white round pearls.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF TILES.

On SATURDAY, the 19th instant, at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, on account of the concerned:—

47 casks floor tiles of buff and yellow pattern with borders, suitable for drawing and bedrooms.

On SATURDAY, the 19th instant, at 3-30 p. m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P. M. (S.T.).

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 second-hand glass fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 grey pony, quiet in harness.
1 bay Arab, quiet in harness and saddle.
By order of Mr. Hormasji Khushsaji Mistry, and on account and risk of Messrs. Khimji Goculdas and Co.
1 brand new victoria.

BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 16th November, 1910.

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ●
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
is a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges either recent or of long standing
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Leclerc Medicine Co., Hayes stock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Drapee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

PAY NOTHING.
Only drop a Card to-day for a Free Sample Copy of
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THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Subscription. Rate.	Discount Rate.
Yearly ...	Rs. 25 0	Rs. 20 0
Half-yearly ...	„ 13 12	„ 11 0
Quarterly ...	„ 7 8	„ 6 0
Monthly ...	„ 2 8	2 0

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly ...	Rs. 37 8	Rs. 30 0
Half-yearly ...	„ 20 0	„ 16 0
Quarterly ...	„ 10 10	„ 8 8
Monthly ...	„ 3 12	„ 1 0

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, November 14.

Consols 2 1-2 per cent. ... ... 79 unchgd
Scotch 3 per cent ... ... 97 1-4 unchgd
3 1-2 per cent. (Sterling Loan)... 94 unchgd
3 1-2 per cent Government Securities ... ... 62 3-4 unchgd
Bar Silver in London. ... ... 25 13-16—1-16
Do. 2 months hence ... ... 25—1-16
Closing Tone of Silver.—Steady buyers at the rates.
Silver in New York ... ... 55 7-3—1-8
Exchange on London at Paris ... 25-31-1-1
Do do Berlin ... 20-49 1-2+1-2
Do do New York ... 4·85 1-2—1-8
Discount Bank of England Rate ... 5 p.c. since 20-10-10
Do. Short London Bills 3 m/st. 4 1-2—1-8
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st... 4 unchgd
Do Fine Trade Bills 3 months. 5 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months. 4 7-8 unchgd
Interest day to day loans ... 4 5-8 unchgd
Do. 7 day market loans ... 4 3-4 unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.) ... 77·9 unchgd
Amount Paid into the Bank of England. £ 1,50,000
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate)... ... 1-3-15

COTTON.

MANCHESTER, November 14.

LIVERPOOL— Sales.
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot Good demand.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures ... Easier.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian... Steady.
Tone of Manchester Market Strong demand, fairly active.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ... 10,000
Sales of East Indian 500
Do. Day's Sales on Spot and for Exp 500
Do. Day's Imports 17,000
Mid Americans ... ... 7·26—1
Egyptian F. G. F. ... ...11 1-2—1-8

	N.-D.	D.-J.	J.-F.	F.-M.	M.-A.
Cotton Delivery	7·63	7·65	7·65	7·65	7·67
Mid Uplands	— 6	— 6	— 6	— 6	— 6
G.O.C.					

	A.-M.	M.-J.	J.-J.	J.-A.
Liverpool	7·67	7·67	7·66	7·64
	— 6	— 7	— 7	— 6

NEW YORK, November 14.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

COTTON :—
Days Receipts at all U.S. Ports ... 70,000
Do. Last year 45,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ... 39,000
Do. Exports to Continent 21,000
Spot Cotton—14·65—15
Futures at New York Dec. 14·47—13 } Declined owing to unfavourable cables and advanced later on bull support and short covering.
Do do Mar. 14·53—18
NEW ORLEANS—
Spot Cotton ... 14 1-2—1-8
Futures—Month of Dec. ... 14-2—18
Do. do Mar. ... 14-35—21
Closing tone of Futures—Irregular.

WHEAT.

Wheat Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs C.I.F. 35 1-4
Do. Months—Nov.-Dec.
Do. Name of Ports—London.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Value.
Wheat afloat for United Kingdom 2,310,000

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 per cent. ex-ship ... 47
Do. Months—Nov.-Dec.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore 416 lbs 85 per cent. ex-ship ... 45
Do. Months—Nov.-Dec.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Weather Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 39 lbs ex-ship 38 1-2
Do. Months—Nov.-Dec.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers etc.—Buyers.
Tone of Rapeseed—Quiet.
Linseed—Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 66 1-4
Do. Months—April.-May.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Tone of Linseed.—Easier.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata— ...52
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Value.

COFFEE.

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 11 1-2

SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags. ... ... 12·3
Months of Shipment.—May-Aug.—Sellers.
Tone of Sugar—Quiet.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber ...6 2 1-2—Value—Firmer.

METAL.

Copper Brazlers ... ... £ 69 1-2
Yellow Metal ... ... d. 6 1-3

FREIGHT.

Coals Cardiff to Bombay Canal 9-6

ARRIVALS.

"Candidate."

BOMBAY, November 14.

EXCHANGE.

The market was steady at 1s. 4 1-16d. T. T. and 1s. 4 2-32d. demand and 1s. 4 11-32d. for 3 months' sight credits.

We quote :—
Bank's selling—
T. T. Ready ... ... 1s. 4 1-16d.
D. D. Mail ,, ... 1s. 4 3-32d.
T. T. Forward ... ... 1s. 4 3-32d.
Bank's Buying—
Private D. D. Ready ... ... 1s. 4 5-32d.
Credits 3 m/s ,, ... 1s. 4 11-32d.
,, ,, Forward ... ... 1s. 4 11-32d.
,, 6 m/s Ready ... ... 1s. 4 15-32d.
France 3 m/s ... ... 171 1-2 to 2-4
Marks 3 m/s ,, ... 139 3-4
60 d/s. Hongkong 138
,, Shanghai 187 1-2
,, Japan 149 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The market has to-day improved to Rs. 93-12 and the tone of the market is strong.

BULLION.

Bar silver in London, both for ready and forward, was 1-16 down and New York was 1-8 down.

Business in silver in the local market was done at Rs. 74-13. Although London rates had declined, private cables advised the market firm and buyers. There was no change in the local market and it closed at the same rate. Forty to fifty slabs changed hands. The gold market was quiet. The demand from upcountry was moderate and the rate dropped by 3 to 6 pies. Prices of sovereigns remain unchanged.

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
97 touch Fakirsett	23	7	0
97 touch Chinta ...	23	7	0
Narendas Motilal's Chop Swadeshi 96 to 99 touch	23	15	6
National Bank	23	15	6
Chartered Bank	23	15	4
Sovereigns Shield	15	0	0
Do. Dragon	15	0	0
Australian	24	0	0
English Gold	24	0	0
Native Bullion	23	14	6
Indian Specie Bank	23	15	0

SILVER.

117 1-2 Penny	74	13	0
117 Penny Ready	74	12	0
Local per tola	0	11	9

FUTURES.

First Settlement	74	13	0
Second do	75	1	0

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed—Dull. London quotation was 6d. down. There being less demand for ready lots the rate declined by one anna and forward rates dropped by two annas on account of sellers.

Rapeseed—Quiet. London quotation was 6d. down. The demand was nil and the rate, both for ready and forward, dropped by two annas.

Wheat—Quiet but firm. London quotations were unchanged. The demand nominal and the rate declined by half an anna.

Castorseed, Cottonseed, Groundnut, Gingellyseed and Poppyseed—Firm. Inquiry was moderate and no change in rates.

Mowrasseed—Weak. There were sellers and price declined to two annas.

Descriptions.	Rs.	a.	p.
Linseed, Bold ...	Rs. 13	8	0
Linseed, Small ...	,, 13	4	0
Linseed, Brown ...	,, 13	9	0
RAPESEED—			
Brown Delhi ...	,, 6	5	0
Brown Cawnpore ...	,, 6	4	0
Yellow do. ...	,, 7	4	0
Do. Gujarat ...	,, 7	10	0
Brown Katni ...	,, 6	10	0
Poppyseed ...	,, 10	4	0
Castorseed ...	,, 40 to		41
WHEAT—			
Pissi ...	,, 31 to		33
Hard Red ...	,, 27 to		29
GINGELLYSEED—			
Yellow Hinganghat ...	,, 54 to		55
Rai Khandesh— ...	,, 75 to		80
Mowrasee ...	,, 7 4		0
Groundnuts ...	,, 48 to		50
Cottonseed ...	,, 24 to		25
Maize ...	,, 16 to		17
Wheat Yellow ...	,, 36 to		38
Khandwa ...	,, 44 to		48
Bajaro ...	,, 25 to		27
Joowar ...	,, 16 to		19
Gram ...	,, 22 to		25
Mimbara ...	,, 54 to		55
Brown Jubbulpore ...	,, 48 to		49
Brown Meggi ...	,, 48 to		49
Kabra ...	,, 52 to		54
Black Kutni ...	,, 45 to		46
Myrabollams ...	,, 19 to		20

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Monday, 14th November, 1910 :—

Cotton	...	15,152 bales
Wheat	...	12,314 cwts
Linseed	...	2,088 ,,
Rapeseed	...	5,548 ,,
Gingellyseed	...	12,652 ,,
Poppyseed	...	256 ,,
Groundnuts... ...	...	283 ,,
Castorseed	...	4,511 ,,
Rice	...	2,457 ,,
Myrabollams	...	... ,,
Cottonseed	...	8,627 ,,
Mowrasseed	...	205 ,,
Gram	...	5,102 ,,
Joowar	...	441 ,,
Maize	...	547 ,,

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay			1,575
India			64 1-2 to 65
Indian Specie			55
Bank of Burma			126

PRESSES.

Indian Cotton			150
New Berar			592 1-2
Volkart United			650

MISCELLANEOUS.

Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...			20
Badam Pile & Co			93
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...			119
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...			167
Bombay Steam Navigation Ordinary			295
Marcks & Co			109
Treacher and Co.			500
Tata I. & S. Co. Ld. Ord			44

RAILWAYS.

Tapti Valley			485
Ahmedabad-Prantej			615
Ahmedabad-Dholka			125
Amritsar-Patti New 22 bares ...			121

COTTON.

Liverpool was 6 to 7 points down, New York rates dropped by 15 and futures were 14 to 18 down. The tone of the Local market was flat and prices for ready lots dropped by Rs. 1 to Rs. 2. The opener advised 6 to 7 points down. The tone of the market for New Crop was weak and there being sellers the prices gave way by Rs. 4 to Rs. 5 Business in Broach was done in the morning at Rs. 329-8-0, but at the close it dropped to Rs. 326.

We learn of the following purchases :—

200	Gaddum and Co.....Bengal.....		295
200	W. Wolf and Sons... Do	280-282	
200	Colaba Land ..... Do	.....	300
200	Indo China .....Khandesh...		325
500	Volkart Bros..... Do	...	293 1-2
200	Dy .....Akola		317 Dec.
200	H. Goculdas and Co.Bengal		289
500	Ralli Bros .....Akola.....		312 Jan.
	Bengal Hand Gin. Fine ...		270
	,, F Good ...		259
	Bengal Machine Gin. Fine ...		291
	,, F Good ...		278
	Sind Punjab Fine ...		290
	,, F Good ...		277
	Khandesh Fine ...		315
	,, F Good ...		305
	Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine ...		302
	,, F Good ...		292
	Akola Knangaum Fine ...		315
	,, F Good ...		305
	Amraoti Fine ...		318
	,, F Good ...		305
	Veotmal Fine ...		323
	,, F Good ...		313
	Nagpore Fine ...		328
	,, F Good ...		318
	Wardha Hinganghat Fine ...		330
	,, F Good ...		320
	Methia Fine ...		302
	,, F Good ...		292
	Broach Gin Fine ...		349
	,, F Good ...		323
	Broach Gin Good ...		...
	Sawginned Good ...		334 May
	Comptah Gin ...		327 ,,
	Western H. G ...		321 ,,
	Do M G ...		... ,,

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Monday, 14th November, 1910:—

	Bales.	
Khandeish	1,97	,,
Central India ...	115	,,
Barsi and Nagar	139	,,
Berar	1,883	,,
Central Provinces	575	,,
Oomrao...	4,190	,,
Dholera	.....	,,
Broach...	.....	,,
Coompta and Dharwar ...	685	,,
Westerns	.....	,,
Bengals (N. W. P.)... ...	9,017	,,
Bengal Rajputana	278	,,
Sind	181	,,
Persian	.....	,,
American	.....	,,
Other Sorts	.....	,,
Egyptian	.....	,,
Total...	15,152	,,

LIVERPOOL, November 15.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	Easier.	
Estimated Sales	10,000	
Total Imports	49,000	
Future Delivery Prices :—		
Nov.—Dec.	7·59—	7
Dec.—Jan.	7·59—	7
Jan.—Feb.	7·59—	6
Feb.—Mar.	7·59—	7
Mar.—Apl.	7·60—	7
Apl.—May	7·60—	7
May.—June	7·60—	7
June—July	7·59—	7
July—Aug.	7·57—	7

FREIGHTS.

Ports.	This Month Seed.	Cotton.	Next Month Seed.	Cotton.
Antwerp ...	15 0	15 0	15 0	15 6
Dunkirk ...	15 6	16 0	15 0	15 6
Havre	15 6	16 0	15 6	16 0
Hull	14 6	15 6	14 3	15 3
Liverpool ...	15 6	15 0	15 0	15 6
Marseilles ...	15 6	16 0	15 0	15 6
Genoa	15 6	16 0	15 0	15 6
London... ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hamburg ...	15 6	16 6	15 6	16 0
Trieste ...	18 0	19 0	17 0	18 0
Venice ...	18 0	19 0	17 0	18 0
Open Ports, Jan-May ... at	15 0			
Havre—Hamburg ...at	15 6			

The market is quiet.

METALS.

We quote :—

Copper Braziers 4×4	lbs. 21 } 28 } 35 } 42 } 49 } 56 }	Rs. 54	8
Yellow Metal Sheets	21 } 28 } 35 } 42 } 49 } 56 }	,, 45	10
Tin Ingots	...	,, 44	0
Spelter S M ...	...	,, 21	7
M M ...	...	,, 23	0
J ...	...		
G ...	...		
Georgshutte ...	...		
Copper Ingots K S ...	...	,, 48	0
Copper Sheetings...	lbs. 8, 10, 12, 14	57	0
Yellow Metal Sheetings.	lbs. 14, 16, 10, 12 }	48 1-2 to 49	1-2

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Monday, Nov. 14.

GOLD.

No. of Packages.	Bullions.	Sovs. and half Sovs.	Coin. Other coin.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1 Bundle ...	.....	23,850	6,457
1 do ...	.....	2,850	.....
1 Case ...	.....	15,000	.....

SILVER.

No. of Packages.	Bullions	Govt. of India Rs.	Coin. Other coin.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
48 Bars ...	75,009	.....	.....
1 Parcel ...	7	.....	.....
1 Bundle ...	.....	159	.....

Mercantile Bank of India...	Devanha		Auckland
Yokohama Specie Bank ...	Salsette		London
A A Rahim ...	Islami		Jeddah
H J Tayab ...	Majidi		Jeddah
The B & P S N Co ...	Homayun		Jeddah

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY by rail on 14th November, 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway ...	24	28,049
B. B. & C. I. Railway ...	39	46,964

SIND LIGHT RAILWAYS, LD.

The approximate earnings of the Mirpur Khas-Jhudo Feeder Railway for the week ending 29th October 1910 were Rs. 1,840, making the total earnings for the period 1st January 1910 to 29th October 1910—Rs. 69,360.

DAILY EXPORTS.—NOV. 15.

FOR GLASGOW.

Elysia s—2,000 cwts mussoor and 1,500 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Elysia s—200 cwts dillseed, Volkart Bros ; 47 1-2 tons oil cakes, S Pestonji and Co ; 35 bales wool, E Dossa and Co ; 250 bales cotton-waste, W Wolf and Sons ; 20,800 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co ; 3,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros ; 200 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons ; 140 cask skins, Nizamudin and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Elysia s—6,520 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros ; 991 cwts poppyseed, 201 cwts rapeseed and 1,980 cwts gingellyseed, J Fachiri ; 25 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons ; 990 cwts mowrasseed, J Fachiri.

FOR MANCHESTER.

Elysia s—5 bales sunisett, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Marmora s—3 bales carpets, Fleming Shaw and Co ; 100 cwts cashewnuts, M Jafferbhoy.

FOR LONDON.

Marmora s—100 bales hemp, E Oomersey ; 3 pots rosa oil, H N Saher ; 14 cases bristles, J A Begbie and Co ; 60 cwts fishmaws, A Hoosein and Co ; 22 bales hides and skins, R M Kooka ; 3 bales carpets, Fleming Shaw and Co ; 20 bales hides, A H Mahomed and Co ; 9 bales sikes, R Moolabhoy ; 66 bales hides and skins, W and A Graham and Co ; 45 cwts mother-of-pearl shell, D Govindjee.

FOR HAMBURG.

Pagenturm s—220 bales cotton, M Jethabhoy and Co ; 15 tons bone sinews, R Kaderbhoy ; 5 bales cotton, Alien Bros and Co ; 55 bales cotton-waste, O Persj and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Bohemia s—165 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 55 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 3 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR HULL.

Hindoo s—105 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Culna s—115 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 59 bales cotton, The Bombay and Co ; 422 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 50 bales cotton, and 50 bales hemp, C Peraj and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Bohemia s—100 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co.

FOR FIUME.

Bohemia s—1 bale carpets S J Tallary and Co ; 115 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Himalaya s—200 bales twist David Sassoon and Co; 500 bales twist C Ebrahim and Co ; 16 bales wool K Naga.

Ceylon Maru s—400 bales twist, M M Essabhoy.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Himalaya s—1,700 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co ; 500 bales twist, Tata Sons and Co ; 550 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

Ceylon Maru s—400 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co; 300 bales twist, M M Essabhoy.

Ceylon Maru s—1,500 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Ischia s—1,150 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Ceylon Maru s—500 bales cotton, J Dossa and Co ; 1,000 bales cotton, D Japan Cotton Trading and Co ; 500 bales cotton C Ebrahim and Co ; 5,250 cwts rapeseed M M Essabhoy.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Ceylon Maru s—157 cwts gum M M Essabhoy.

THE foundation-stone of the huge new premises in Queen's-road, Bayswater, in which the great business of William Whiteley is to be housed, was laid during mail week by the Mayor of Paddington. In respect not only of size, but of luxurious and convenient appointment, the new Whiteley Stores are to excel all other stores in the world. The area which the splendid buildings in the Grecian style will cover is greater even that the space occupied by the famous Marshall Field establishment in Chicago.

CONSTIPATION.

A RELIABLE AND LASTING CURE.

Constipation means that there is not a regular and sufficient action of the bowels. It is a very dangerous disorder because it prevents the body's waste from leaving the system and this waste soon turns to poison. This is how many fatal diseases begin ; and it is always wise to keep a box of Doan's Dinner Pills handy, and to take a dose whenever a day passes without a motion of the bowels. Doan's Dinner Pills restore to the muscles of the bowels their natural power of discharging the decaying waste matter which would otherwise cause disease. They soften the mass of waste, and so prevent discomfort and pain in passing. This medicine is prepared from pure vegetable extracts, which tone up the whole digestive system, restoring a regular and natural action to the stomach, liver and bowels, and stimulating the flow of the digestive fluids, so that perfect digestion is assured.

"At the birth of my first child," says Mrs. Thorkildsen, of 13, Nile Row, Poole, England, "I had to go under chloroform, as I never seemed to have completely got over the effects of the anaesthetic, for I have suffered ever since from serious stomach troubles and constipation.

"Parts of my body always seemed numbed ; there was no feeling whatever in my legs. For days and days I would have fearful headaches, and the cruel throbbing used to make me cry out. Sometimes it came over all dark before my eyes. When I went upstairs quickly my heart throbbed, and I perspired freely.

"I have suffered terribly from constipation, and more than once I have been costive for a whole fortnight. Only a few days ago I had an attack which left me almost dead.

"I am very pleased to tell you that Doan's Dinner Pills have relieved me wonderfully. They have restored a natural action to the bowels, and taken away that terrible numb feeling from the limbs. I cannot say enough for this splendid medicine."

Doan's Ointment is sold by all medicine dealers and stores at Rs. 2 per pot, or 6 pots for Rs. 10-8-0, or from Doan's Medicines, P.O. Box 20, Bombay.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

COTTON—November 9, at Waltair, the wife of Arthur Egerton Cotton, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

HARDY—At Customs Road, Calicut, Walter Arthur Hardy, son of the late Surgeon Lieut M A Hardy, and of Mrs E Wilton Hardy.

STEWART—November 10, at 28, Cole's Road, Cleveland Town, Bangalore, after long illness, Ann Eliza, eldest daughter of the late Alexander Stewart, Attorney-at-Law, Madras.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Nasik Conspiracy Trial, Bombay High Court, 11 a.m.

Performance of "The Mahatma" at the Bombay Commercial Gymkhana, 9-30 p. m.

Standing Committee 4-10 p. m.

Seamen's Institute, variety entertainment, 8-45 p.m.

Excelsior Cinematograph, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p. m.

Skating Rink, Practice Session, 8 to 9 a.m. ; Ladies' Session, 9 to 10 a.m., Evening Sessions, 6 to 8 p. m., 9-30 to 11 p. m.

Fillis's Circus, behind the Gowalia Tank Fire Brigade Station, 9-30 p.m.

Maxim : "Undertake no more than you can perform."

ENGLISH MAIL.

ARRIVAL.

P. and O. Company's s. s. "Persia," with the English Mails of the 4th November, which left Aden at 7 p. m. on Sunday, is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 5 a.m. on Friday.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Company's steamer "Marmora" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-39 p.m. on Saturday.

ARRIVAL OF A CHIEF.—His Highness the Thakore Sahib of Gondal has arrived in Bombay and put up in the Taj Mahal Hotel.

MAHOMEDAN FAIR.—The annual Sheikh Missri fair will be held next Friday, when an unusually large attendance is expected.

BIRTHDAY OF THE BELGIAN KING.—Yesterday being the birthday of the King of Belgium all the Consulates in Bombay were flying their flag in honour of the occasion.

FANCY BAZAAR.—The Fancy Bazaar and Concert in aid of the Funds of the Byculla Conference of the Society of St. Vincent de Paul have been postponed to the first week in January, 1911.

MILL STRIKE.—The conductors of the Jubilee Mill have posted a notice at the main gate intimating that the wages of the men belonging to the roving department of the mill who had struck work were forfeited. The other men will receive their wages on the 22nd and the current month's wages will be paid on the 8th December.

POSTAL NOTICE.—A mail for Egypt and Europe consisting of letters and packets specially marked for transmission per Austrian Lloyd's s.s. "Bohemia" will be made up at the Bombay General Post Office for despatch to destination at 3 p.m. to-day. Letters, &c., for Aden and Berbera will also be despatched by this steamer.

LOST PROPERTY.—The following articles are lying at the Central Police Station Bombay awaiting claimants:—A purse containing some cash, a cloth bag containing wearing apparel and articles of bedding, silver leg ornament (walla), enamelled tiffin carrier and other utensils, a straw boater hat, a white bitch with brown ears and legs, one black silk sari and one gold sleeve link.

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. R. E. Pigott, V. D., and Officers, of the Band of the 1st Battalion, 8, B. C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Geo. W. Salter, at commencing at 6 p.m. (S. T.), this evening :—

March	For Country's Flag	Dunn
Overture	Rosamunde	Schelbert
Valse	Rendezvous	Zuineta
Selection	Orchid	Monckton
Petit Bolero	.....	Ravina
Selection	Bonnie Scotland	Hume
Two-step	Clorinda	Douglas

FILLIS' CIRCUS.

Dick Turpin To-night.

A REPRESENTATIVE of this paper yesterday had a brief chat with that veteran showman, Mr. Frank Fillis, who is so well-known in many of the important cities of the world, and who is at present with his circus in Bombay. The pressman suggested that after his long and arduous business career, Mr. Fillis should by this time be content to settle down to a quiet life.

"Impossible," was the answer. "Do you know that at Earl's Court in 1899, I netted £17,000 with 600 people taking part in a spectacle, and in 1902, at the St. Louis Exposition, where I organised a show of 800 persons, the receipts in 16 weeks amounted to £100,000.

Surely then, said the Reporter, you might be satisfied by this time ?

"No," replied Mr. Fillis, "I love the smell of the sawdust, and I shall certainly die amongst it. Horses, dogs and animals of all kinds, I am fond off, and I am only happy when I am training them. To-night, for instance, I produce Dick Turpin's Ride to York, an ancient theme, I admit, but when you see my Black Bess, and the amount of spirit and dash she shows from the start of the ride to York, I am sure you will be pleased. As for Black Bess, she is human in intelligence. She knows my footstep and my voice, and she is really more like a human actor playing a part. When you see her enacting the part of a dying horse you will realise this. When she drops down from supposed exhaustion, she does not lay down, but actually falls down. She even breathes and gasps like an animal about to expire."

For how long will you perform Turpin's ride and the death of Black Bess ? queried our representative.

Four or five nights, certain ; longer, if the public, so desire. When I first performed this piece, or equestrain drama, as one should term it, it was in the early eighties in South Africa. The Boers went wild about it, crowding the tent night after night. Before they would purchase a ticket the enquiry was made in an assertive manner whether Turpin's ride would positively be performed.

How long do you intend to remain in Bombay this time ? asked our Reporter.

One month, and we are now in the middle of our second week. The public have been very good, but you might tell them that I have yet several trump cards up my sleeve. The game of pushball on horse back, played by local gentlemen has yet to be seen and I assure you that this is the most amusing and exciting game that one could desire.

FRENCH statisticians make peculiar investigations. One has just been exploring the public accounts of the last century, and he has arrived at the costs of Government per hour. We are told that under the Consulate and the First Empire the State coach was run at a cost of 15,000 francs an hour, or £4,600. Under the Restoration the cost was 119,000 francs or £4,760. In the time of Louis Philippe it was 150,000 francs, or £6,000. Under the Republic of 1848 the cost had risen to 179,000 francs, or £6,880. In the Second Empire the rate was 249,000 francs per hour, or £9,960 In the Third Republic—the last years of the nineteenth century—the sum was 463,000 francs or £18,520 per hour.

HIGH COURT.

SHORT CAUSES.

THE Hon'ble Mr. Justice Robertson, on Tuesday, presided on the Original Side of the Bombay High Court and disposed of Short Causes.

HEAVY MORTGAGE CLAIM.

In the suit filed by Haji Mahomed Hoossein against Issaji Tajbhoy, Mr. Lowndes appeared for the plaintiff and the Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Setalwad for the defendant.

The Hon'ble Mr. Setalwad said that the parties had agreed to have the case transferred to the long cause list, the case to be put down on one of the 15th January next.

Mr. Lowndes said that this was a heavy mortgage suit and the accounts were adjusted in August last.

His Lordship transferred the case to the long cause list to be on board on the 15th January.

SUIT TRANSFERRED.

In the suit filed by Lalubhoy Nanabhoy, a firm against Jamnadas Mulchand and others Mr. Lowndes appeared for the plaintiffs and Mr. Mankar for defendants 1, 3 and 4.

Mr. Mankar applied for the transfer of the case to the long cause list, saying that his clients were not the partners of the second defendant.

By consent his Lordship transferred the case to the long cause list as in respect of all the defendants.

SUIT AGAINST A FIRM

In the suit filed by Mangaldas Maneklal against Gokuldas Atmaram, and others, a firm, Mr. Lowndes appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. Tarachand for two of the defendants, Chunilal and Govindlal.

Mr. Tarachand said that his clients were not the partners in the firm.

Mr. Lowndes said that the suit was against the firm. There were five defendants who had already been served. Two of them were represented and the other three did not appear. The right thing in such a case was to take a decree against the firm.

Mr. Lowndes said that there had been many dealings between the plaintiff and the defendants and there was now due to the plaintiffs Rs. 5,000.

His Lordship passed a decree for the amount against the firm with interest and costs. The suit against Mr. Tarachand's clients was transferred to the long cause list by consent.

SUIT ON MONIES LENT.

In the suit filed by Vadilal Kasalchand against Vithal B. Jadia and another, Mr. Jaykar appeared for the plaintiff. The defendants did not appear. There were dealings between the plaintiff and the defendants and the accounts had been adjusted and signed by the defendants.

His Lordship passed a decree for Rs. 3,334 with interest and costs.

POLICE COURT.

ALLEGED CHEATING.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Third Presidency Magistrate, the further hearing was resumed of the case in which Superintendent Sullivan, of the Bombay Criminal Investigation Department, charged Arthur Alec Conway Weatherall with cheating Colonel H. Haggard in respect of a cheque for Rs. 1,000. Mr. D'Quadros, pleader, defended the accused.

Mr. Patrick Stewart, cross-examined by Mr. D'Quadros, said the accused had not mentioned Colonel Haggard's name to him before the date of his arrest. He remembered having given the Hon'ble Mr. Hugh Murray a trial of the car. He could not recall to his mind whether on that occasion the name of Colonel Haggard was mentioned. The trial-run took place many days before the car was actually sold to Colonel Haggard. The accused asked him (witness) to retain the car till he communicated with the purchaser. The witness did not tell the accused that he could never be sure of a customer until he had some money in hand. They ordinarily took deposits from customers to clinch the bargains. He sold the car on the negotiations made by the accused. He wired to Colonel Haggard to take the car, after the accused had been arrested. He paid the accused the commission after receiving the price of the car from Cox and Company.

Evidence was then called for the accused that on his enquiring about a certain car, he stated that he wanted it for Hoggard.

The decision was reserved.

ALLEGED INFRINGEMENT OF STAMP ACT.

Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case in which Superintendent Sullivan, of the Bombay Criminal Investigation Department, charged Mathuradas Govindji, Manager of the firm of Gordhandas Khetsey having their 'pedi' in Holi Chakla, Fort, Bombay, under Section 2 of the Stamp Act, with not affixing stamps to certain hundis that were endorsed by the Manager. Mr. S. B. Kapadia, pleader, defended the accused. The accused in his statement to the Court said he was generally absent from the 'pedi' during the day. He did not know that stamps were not affixed to the hundis. The cashier of the firm used to be supplied with stamps from time to time to be affixed to hundis.

His Worship acquitting the accused said that as 'munim' of the firm, the accused could not be held responsible for non-compliance with the provisions of the Act. There was nothing to show that the accused was a partner of the firm. The accused was accordingly discharged.

POSSESSING COUNTERFEIT COINS.

At the Esplanade Police Court, Bombay, yesterday, Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case in which Superintendent Sullivan, of the Bombay Criminal Investigation Department, charged one Syed Bashia Syed Ahmed with being in possession of counterfeit coins and implements for manufacturing such coins. The accused was convicted and sentenced to undergo five months' rigorous imprisonment.

A RASH ACT.

At the Esplanade Police Court, Bombay, Mr. J

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

R I M S Dalhousie ...1573 Comdr W Mitchel...R I M
R I M S Lawrence.....Comdr Mill.....R I M
R M S Hyacinth .....Capt J D Dick .....R N Flagship
R I M S Dufferin.....Comdr A J Marsack.....R I M S

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Nov 15.

Australien ..... Menton ....
Banca .....3724 Collyer .....P & O S N & Co
Croxteth Hall.....2435 Ogg.....K Nixon & Co
Clan Maclister.....3065 Makepeace .....J Finlay & Co
Dwarka.....759 Moxon .....M M & Co
Devanha .....4785 Powell .....P & O Co
Elysia'.....3991 Haig.....Graham & Co
Feliciana .....2785 Falck .....T Morrison & Co
Islanda.....3361 McClelland.....M M & Co
Imogen.....2446 Edward..... .....
Landaura.....2157 Peck .....M Mackenzie
Moorgate.....2433 Wisnom...Killick Nixon & Co
Nizam .....2041 Macgonnell...T Morrison & Co
Pagentarm .....3160 Fishbeck...W & A Graham & Co
Quirinba .....4937 Smith.....M M & Co
Sati.....502 Willoughley...B & H S N & Co
Salsette .....2391 Lewellin .....P & O Co
Virginia .....2739 MacMorran..... .....
Wardha .....2552 King.....M M & Co
Zamora .....2328 Ewan..... .....
Clematis .....2329 Robinson..... .....
Madura..... .....1723 Logan.....M M & Co
Visigoth .....2613 Rule ....
Noor-el-Bahar.....300 Nakhoda ....
Stream
Strombus.....4008 Scott.....W & A Graham & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Nov. 15.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
A Devanha	4785	Powell	Shanghai	7 12	P & O Co
B Hindoo	3156	Groves	Hull	17-11	J Finlay & Co
C&R Culna	3963	Maclachlan	Antwerp	18-11	M M & Co
D&E Remembrance	2236	Nesbitt	Marseilles	20-11	Ralli Bros
F Clan Macalister	3065	Makepeace	Madras Coast	24 11	J Finlay & Co
G Cresswell	2002	Buff	N F	W & A G & Co	
H Islami	1640	Green	Calcutta	17-11	B & P S N Co
K Firoozi	2029	Primrose	Jeddah	17 11	B & P S Co
L Abydos	1939	Smails	Repairing	G Hoosein Kasam & Co	
M Najmi	2522	Perot	Jeddah	15-11	B & A M Jeewanji
N Barrington Court	2833	Williams	Barrow in Furness	18-11	W & A G & Co
O Majeedi	1857	Newby	Jeddah	16-11	B & P S N Co
P Bodlewell	2209	Smiles	Hamburg	Middlesborough 19-11	W & A Graham & Co
Q President	2086	Jacobson	Durban	22 11	A Strandes & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1	Pagentarm	3160	Fishbeck	Kanchi	16-11 W & A Graham & Co
2	Elysia	3980	Mitchell	Liverpool	23 11 W & A Graham & Co
3	D Baldaino	2684	Ludovico	Genoa	15-11 Florio & R S N Co
4	Ischia	2831	Belsito	Hongkong	16-11 Italian Line
7	Bohemia	2305	Gillhuber	Trieste	16-11 A L S N Co
9	Himalaya	3700	Spicer	Shangai	22 11 P & O S N Co
10&11	City of London	5678	Whisto	Farnchi	15-11 K Nixon & Co
12&13	Marmora	5231	Weston	London	19-11 P & O Co
14	Kola	513	Bamber	Basrah	17 11 M M & Co
15	Ceylon Maru	3142	Pyne	Kobe	23 11 N Y Kaisha
16	Homayun	2154	Malony	Jeddah	19-11 B & P S N Co

H W P D

Satrunji	547	Esmail	N F	N F...Bo S N Co Ld
Saraswati	443	Ebrahim		Repairing... Bo S N Co Ld
Ponani	552	Hoosein	B'nager	16 11... Bo S N Co Ld
Sabarmati	524	Samsoodin	Karachi	15 11 Bo S N Co Ld
Netravati	699	Fakeera	N F	N F... Bo S N Co Ld

M W D D

Birmingham	2612	Carter	Calcutta	16-11 T Morrison Co

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
15	Madura	Logan	Bushire, Nov 2
	Visegoth	Rule	Calcutta, Nov 2
	Noor-al-Bahar	Nacoda	Muscat, Nov 9

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
15	Nizam	McGonnell	Calcutta, &c
	Brilliant (barque)	Morrison	Baltimore
	City of London	Wilson	Karachi
	D'aldaino	Rosle	Genoa, &c
	Najimi	Pigot	Jeddah

The Steamer Birmingham, Carter for Calcutta, obtained her port clearance yesterday.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—

Steamer Presidgnt, for Zanzibar &c.
" Madura, for Persian Gulf.
" Devanha, for Shanghai.
" Elysia, for Liverpool, &c.
" Ceylon Maru, for Kobe, &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Anchor Line steamer Scindia, Homeward bound arrived at Marseilles on the 14th instant.

FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Shanghai Interrupted.	Via Lisbon ..St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 15th November 1910.
(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission. Hrs.	Mts
Turkey ...	14	10	30 p.m.	4	15
Teheran ...	15	11	59 a.m.	1	49
Suez	15	1	25 p.m.	1	15

NOTICES.

Cable Assab Perim interrupted. Telegrams for Erythrea and Abyssinia are forwarded via Suakim, Kassala without additional charge (20-6-09).
Cable Obock Djibouti interrupted. (27-6-10).
Bhamo route to China interrupted between Shasi and Hankow (9-11-10).
Ahwaz line interrupted between Emden and Berlin to Mohammerah (9-11-10).
Teheran route restored between Kertch and Odessa. (15-11-10).

FIFTEEN boys from the training ship "Exmouth" have been selected to join the new Canadian Navy, and Professor W. R. Smith said he hopes that others will be taken into the Australian Navy.

FRESH FLOWERS.

BEST FLORAL TRIBUTES on funeral occasions. Wreaths, Crosses, Bridal bouquets of Orange Blossoms and Sprays. Bouquets, Garlands, Fancy Floral Baskets, Cut Flowers, Button-holes, made to orders. Fruit, Flowering and Fobiage plants, palms, etc. PRICES MODERATE. Orders received day and night.

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Near Parsee Statue, Byculla.

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PREMIUMS FOR FULLEST BENEFITS
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TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST
By Appointment to
H. E. THE EARL OF MINTO, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., G.C.M.G., VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA
AND
H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.

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From Rs. 150.
FLATS,
From Rs. 40.
OFFICES,
From Rs. 15.
SHOW ROOMS,
From Rs. 100.
GODOWNS,
From Rs. 30.
All Requirements Suited.

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HOUSE & ESTATE AGENTS,
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FORT.
P. O. BOX No. 239.

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MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price. Rs.	a.	p.	
Snowflake, 150 deg	6	4	2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg	6	0	2	" "
Chester, 125 deg	4	12	2	" "
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg	4	8	2	" "
Monkey, 125 deg	4	8	2	" "
Elephant, 125 deg	4	3	0	per two tins.
" 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3	9	0	per 8 gallons.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.
All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.
Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.
Order books supplied gratis on application.

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NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6. First Class Furniture on sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

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On terms to suit purchasers or easy monthly payments for one or two years.

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BLUTHNER.
SCHIEDMAYER.
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GROTRIAN.
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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should no be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE. BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Wednesday, 16th Nov. 1910.

THE COMING STRUGGLE.

A GENERAL Election before Christmas means two within the year, but there seems to be no possibility of avoiding this second struggle, though it may, probably, be postponed for a month or two. The Parliament of 1906 was dissolved on January 10 of the present year and a new House of Commons was elected between that date and February 10. Back into office, though not into power, went Mr. Asquith's Government with 274 Liberals and Radicals and 272 Conservatives and Unionists. Surely never was such a close thing. But in the majority of questions the Liberals could count on the support of 41 Labour Members and 71 Nationalists besides 11 Independent Irish representatives, which gave the Government 397, or 125 to the good. It being apparent that the Government could not carry out its duties in circumstances of this kind and a victory or defeat depended entirely over the moods and tenses of those who professed adherence to neither great party, a coalition Government was contemplated, but too bitter had been the struggle and too wide the issues to admit of compromise and the Liberal party determined to take the risk of an early defeat and press forward the new democratic Budget, on which the appeal to the country had been made and the reform or abolition of the House of Lords, whose action had brought about the dissolution. As Mr. Redmond observed the other day, never was such an opportunity for the Nationalists. Everything was in their own hands and it became necessary to consult them in anticipation of any new measure. But with a view to tiding over other differences to pass Supply and to bring about a satisfactory arrangement by which the powers of the Upper House should be defined, if not restricted, a Conference was agreed upon which discussed subjects we are asked not to enquire about and disagreed on questions we may not hear about—and a deadlock occurred, resulting in the present embarrassing situation which has led agitators and the party press at Home to demand a fresh appeal to the country—and the Irish Nationalists, in the words of Mr. Redmond to look forward to Home Rule as a certainty, for they consider it no longer a question as to whether they will get self-Government, but exactly how much and by what methods they will take it.

The present situation undoubtedly does afford Ireland an unparalleled opportunity. The only pity is that the Government did not take advantage of the past few months to redistribute the seats in Ireland, for the fact remains that Ireland is overrepresented, whether we take literate voters, or intereses, and Scotland, poor, long-suffering Caledon, has neither so many as she ought to have nor as she deserves. Had, say a dozen or twenty seats—even more, ask some—been taken from Ireland and given to Scotland, there would have been no injustice to Ireland and only fair-play to the northern country; besides which the potentiality for mischief, the power of obstruction, which the sister isle possesses, would have been neutralised. However the Government let slip the opportunity—in which they could have made sure of Unionist support—and devoted their attention to other things. Now we are told that the whole strategy of the Cabinet will be directed to bringing about an election. There need be no difficulty about that. Parliament was to meet yesterday afternoon, and if it please his Majesty's Ministers they may, before these lines appear in print, announce their intention of going to the constituencies. One Liberal journal has declared that if the Liberals appeal on the simple question of the Lords, success is assured. But that is somewhat venturesome speculation. Elections bring surprises and none more remarkable than the last. Last December both sides were "certain of a triumphal return." But what was the result? Four distinct and important changes in the composition of the House. It deprived the Liberal Government of an independent majority; it reintroduced an Opposition of normal Parliamentary strength; it retrenched the members of the Labour party and diminished to a far greater extent its moral influence; and it brought about a definite and substantial cleavage in the ranks of Irish Nationalism. Before the dissolution there were 373 Liberal, 46 Labour, 83 Nationalist and 168 Unionist. After the election there were 275 Liberal, 40 Labour 71 Nationalist, 11 Independent Nationalist and 273 Unionist. The Liberal net majority of 76 over all parties was turned into a minority of 120. Liberal and Labour members together are in a minority of 40 as against the rest of the House, while they are a majority of 42 over the Unionists if both Nationalist parties abstain.

In the coming election it is probable the fight will be more clearly between Liberal and Unionists, for the Osborne Judgment presumably will reduce the number of Labour candidates, who, even then, will stand little chance of return, unless they metaphorically swear allegiance to one or other of the great parties—for the sake of adoption. With them the question of cost as well as of maintenance will have serious weight, especially at the present moment when as we find the Trades Unions show a disposition to act independently of their leaders and labourers independently of the Unions. But with all, the financial aspect is of some importance, though the Corrupt Practices and Ballot Acts have very materially reduced legitimate expenditure. A Parliamentary return, published some time ago, gave particulars of the election expenses of each individual candidate. The average cost of each elected member was shown to be £2,013 17s. 2d. and the aggregate cost of the whole election, £1,166,858. There is little likelihood of that sum being diminished. In Ireland candidates get off very cheaply and the cost of electing 103 members averaged only £306 18s. 11d. while 72 members for Scotland averaged £1,922 per head. This by the way. Returning officers' charges, agents, printing, hire of halls and polling places mount up rapidly, and if the coming struggle is to be so severe as we are told to expect, money will flow like water to the utmost limit allowed by the law. Both sides are ready for the fray and as Lord Morley told his hearers at Liverpool on Monday, there never was a time when the firm thinking-power of the nation was going to be subjected to a more exacting or more strenuous test than that now before it. If it were only the thinking-power of the nation which had to be tested, the contest would be far more satisfactory to both parties; but unfortunately there is a vast proportion of the electorate who do not think, but act according to the dictates of their nearest influential neighbour at the polling both, or are swayed by the loudest shout and follow their leader like a flock of sheep through a hole in the hedge. It is this element which makes the result of an election so difficult to foretell and leads to the confusion of both candidates and electioneering agents.

SOUTH AFRICAN ANOMALIES.

THAT there are many in South Africa who take the view that the provisions of the law there regarding Asiatic immigration are unjust, and that they inflict hardship and unnecessarily severe treatment on those British Indian subjects, who are concerned by them, is evident from the remarks made by Mr. Justice Wessels of the Supreme Court in a recent case. His Lordship had before him an application by a sixteen year old minor praying for (1) an order of Court restraining the Minister of Justice from carrying into effect the order of deportation issued against the applicant, and declaring such order to be null and void; (2) an order of Court authorising and compelling the Registrar of Asiatics to issue to the applicant a certificate of registration as an adult Asiatic under Act 36 of 1908. Counsel for the youth contended that the latter's presence in the Transvaal was lawful—that there was no machinery provided by law for the removal of a person in his client's circumstances, and he pointed out that if the Magistrate refused his certificate of registration it would mean that a child brought into the colony by parents, who had a right to be there, could lawfully remain in the colony until he attained the age of sixteen years. If at that time the officers in whom the authority to grant certificates of registration was vested declined to issue such a document, the child would be subject to deportation. In the case now under review the applicant was admittedly in legal residence, was willing to comply with the law in every way and asked for a certificate of registration. This was refused. Eventually, after a long hearing, Mr. Justice Wessels held that the application must fail, and he accordingly dismissed it with costs. In the course of his judgment he remarked "I must concede that very many extremely hard cases may arise. A very young child introduced by its parents after Act 36 of 1908 came into force, may find himself at 16 years, expelled, and so cut adrift from his parents. Still, if this was the intention of the legislature, however harsh we may consider that law, the Court must give effect to it." Previously to delivering judgment he spoke more strongly still. He said he sympathised deeply with the youth and he thought his exclusion was very wrong, while in commenting on counsel's opinion that the minor was entitled to be registered, he delivered the following remarkable *obiter dictum* :—"If your contention were wrong we should have this anomalous position. An Asiatic man or woman comes in with a baby who does not happen to be born in this country. The poor child grows up to 16; his parents are fixed here and entitled to be here, and this poor stray boy of 16 has to be cleared out of the country to fight the world by himself, alone, outside. That is monstrous." Cases of this kind need no comment, for they illustrate more than anything else ever can the absurd disparity between common sense and the law set up in South Africa on the subject of Asiatic immigration. However, we are relieved to see that the latest news, which Reuter has cabled on this subject, gives us hope that the present Colonial Secretary may redeem the pledges made by his predecessor. No definite information is forthcoming as yet, but it has been stated on the authority of a *Times* correspondent that a solution of the difficulty will probably be reached by the repeal of the objectionable Act of 1907, and the adoption of a general immigration law on the Australian model. Such a law would be acceptable as deleting all considerations of race, and basing the question of admission or non-admission on a reasonable educational test, and qualifications as a workman.

PROPOSED RIPON MEMORIAL.

INDIANS, particularly those who profess the Nationalist cult, will be intensely interested in the movement in Madras towards the erection in that Presidency of a statue to the late Earl of Ripon who from 1880 to 1884 was Viceroy of India. Lord Ripon was regarded as being, essentially, the Indians' Viceroy, for he had the courage to persevere with a policy which at the time was hotly contested by the European community in the country. The outstanding feature of this, of course, was the Ilbert Bill, a measure which received from Europeans stronger denunciation and opprobrium than the more recent partition scheme from the Bengalis. We have no doubt that if the Earl had ruled India in 1910 instead of nearly two decades earlier his pro-Indian proclivities would have met with less opposition than they did in his own day; but he was as a man born out of due time, and he paid the penalty. And even after the long lapse of years, since he surrendered his office to Lord Dufferin, of revered memory, we are inclined to sympathize with the uncompromising opposition to the attitude he adopted. It was predicted in his day that he was unwise in his estimate of the Indian character, and while we gladly admit that his was the soul of a brave and fearless administrator we are constrained, in the light of recent circumstances, to say that he never really or adequately gauged the real possibilities contained in the years to follow, and in which he had no real responsibility. Happily enough we have had no direct indications that the work of Lord Ripon led India or Indians astray, but this fact notwithstanding, it was during his Viceroyalty that we had the first evidence of Indian unrest. And it is more or less significant that Extremists in this country are prepared to go to the length of saying that the Earl of Ripon alone, of all the rulers who have been deputed to India since 1858, showed any real sympathy with Indian aspirations. That this view is fallacious we all know, and it is not necessary to point to the extension reforms of a couple of years ago to controvert it. For Lord Curzon, with all his alleged *zubberdust*, inspired many ameliorations which we trust our Indian co-citizens will long enjoy. It is, however, impossible not to sympathize with the desire to perpetuate the Earl of Ripon's memory in this country. To take Calcutta, the official capital of the Empire, there is no memorial to him, and we think that, if only for the sake of continuous record alone, this defect should be remedied. It is certainly against the Bengalis, among whom we find the most advanced of the Nationalists, that they have failed to mark his period of residence with some grateful token of esteem, and, quite apart from political considerations, we think this could be now raised without inflicting any injury upon racial susceptibilities.

THE Viceroy will present police medals to Mr. Denham, well known in the Bengal Criminal Investigation Department, and Inspector Hansen for his services during the last Royal tour and for his personal attendance upon successive Viceroys. A son of late Inspector Samsul Alam, the victim of High Court outrage, will receive his father's medal.

SIR GUY FLEETWOOD WILSON left Madras for Calcutta on Monday evening. He experienced very wet weather in Travancore, but was fortunate to bag a bison and shot an elephant on Cardamom Hills. Sir Guy has long wished to add a bison head to his many other sporting trophies.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Oceana (extra)" passed Suez at 2 a. m. yesterday.

PUNDIT MADAN MOHON MALAVIA has been elected Chairman of the Reception Committee of the ensuing Indian Industrial Conference.

GENERAL SIR EDMUND BARROW, commanding the Southern Army, who has been lying ill for over a week is somewhat better and was to leave Bangalore with Lady Barrow and staff for Madras yesterday night.

THE "Indian Daily News" understands that Mr. B. C. Mitra, Barister-at-Law, will succeed Mr. Ali Imam as standing Counsel of Bengal.

A RECENT telegram from Melilla states that a body of native police which was escorting a number of officers engaged in a survey was fired at from Mount Uiesan. The policemen returned the fire, and then fell back on the Atlanten camp.

THE Standard Oil Company has strengthened its grip upon the German market by purchasing the properties of Deutsche Benzin and Oelnerke, a corporation organised a few years ago for the specific purpose of fighting Standard Oil Trust. The German proprietors stated at the liquidation meeting held in mail week that they were forced to sell to the Trust after negotiations with the Shell Transport Company, of London, and the Royal Netherlands Petroleum Company had failed.

CAPTAIN SCOTT states in an interview, writes the Wellington correspondent of "The Times" that everything promises well for his expedition. He is telegraphing to Captain Amundsen wishing him success. He does not regard as a breach of etiquette Captain Amundsen's attacking the Pole from the opposite side. He says that Captain Amundsen's base will probably be more remote, but it is possible that he may find an easier route, more free from pressure ridges and crevasses.

LORD MILNER, speaking at Canterbury for the National Service League, said, however, urgent might be the necessity of strengthening our fleet, the necessity of strengthening our land forces was at least equally urgent. We were certainly very near a crisis at the time of the Boer War, although we had then—what we have since lost—an overwhelming preponderance at sea. Invasion in great force would be infinitely easier to effect to-day than it had ever been. To rely solely upon the Navy was not to use the immense advantage of our insular position, but to abuse it.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

ATHLETIC CHAMPIONSHIPS.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, OCT. 28.

THE many fine performances at the recent athletic championships of America show what may be done by enterprise. The promotion of junior, as as well as senior championships, appears to have done a lot of good, and other countries England in particular should profit by the example. Such grand performances as 6 ft. 2 inch for the high jump, 12ft. 1 inch for the pole vault, 49ft. 1 inch for the shot put, 135ft. 6inch. for the discus., 163ft 1 inch for the javelin and 48ft. for the hop step and jump are wonderful and indicate how the enterprise of the authorities across the Atlantic in promoting these events, has borne fruit. The hop step and jump, javalin, and discus find no place on the English championship programme, and the pole vault is only exploited once a year, so the failure of English athletes in these events is not surprising.

BILLARDS.

Although H. W. Stevenson by no means played up to his proper form, he managed to beat M. Inman by 1,093 points in their match for the billiard championship. It looked as though a much closer struggle would have been seen, when only a matter of a decent break divided the rivals on the opening of the last day's play. Inman, however, failed to finish in his usual dashing style and only made 858 to Stevenson's 1,499. The winner averaged 37·15 for the entire match and 19.73 and 68 18 for the afternoon and evening sessions on the final day. Inman's average for the match came out at 3,497. The latter made the highest breaks—473 and 470, Stevenson's best being 417,415 and 404.

The Lord Chief Justice of England presented the Cup to Stevenson at the close, and in doing so said he had seen all the best players during the past 40 or 50 years and considered the present champion (in his best form) was the finest player of all. Stevenson is now trying to concede Inman 1,000 points in an exhibition match of 9,000 up at Bull, and unless he does something remarkable, will probably fail, as Inman actually gained during the first half of the game.

FOOTBALL.

The meeting of Harlequins and United Services at Twickenham, on Saturday, provided one of the most interesting "Rugger" matches seen in the London district for a long time. The Services team was almost entire'y composed of naval men, the famous Lyon being at full back. The Harlequin forwards played much better than they recently did against London Scottish and only the splendid defence of the Services saved the situation. The Service scored early in the game and eventually won by 5 points to nil, although everyone admitted the Harlequins had a bit the best of matters in all save the important one of scoring.

Next to the Harlequins vs. Services match, the meeting between Richmond and London Scottish aroused most interest. Knowing the merit of the Scot's forwards, Richmond made special to get a powerful pack together, and the result was surprising, as the London Scottish were beaten at their own game. The outcome of the two matches referred to, makes the situation in the Rugby world very interesting and shows that there are plenty of good forwards in the Metropolitan district.

SOCCER.

Although the season is now well under weigh, several clubs can still claim an unbeaten record in the League campaign. Sunderland and Middlesborough enjoy the distinction in the First Division, and it is a good performance to have fulfilled 9 and 8 engagements respectively without a single reverse. Sunderland drew on Saturday, when opposed to Manchester City, but Middlesborough easily defeated Notts County. As Manchester United could only draw at Tottenham, there was a slight alteration in the table, the United leading Sunderland by a point, while Middlesborough are three points behind the leaders, but with a game in hand.

The leading teams in the Second Division are having a rare struggle. Blackpool and Clapton drawing, as also did West Bromwich Albion and Derby County. Thus West Bromwich shows the way with 12 points for 9 games, Clapton and Blackpool being a point behind, with a game in hand. Chelsea slipped back in the race in consequence of a defeat at Glossop, but will yet pull up.

Aberdeen and Clyde to be the two strongest teams in the Scottish League and they are still unbeaten. The former only just prevailed (1—0) on entertaining Airdrisonians, but Clyde showed fine form to beat (2—0) Falkirk. The big surprise of Saturday's games was furnished by Greenock Morton beating Glasgow Rangers by no fewer than 5 goals to 1.

THE TURF.

Another noted stallion has been sold to a foreign breeder, Baron Girswalde, of Brunswick, having induced Major Eustice Loder to part with Admiral Hawke. Whether the gentleman named will keep the full brother of Pretty Polly for his own use, or is acting for the German Government, is not yet known. Should the latter be the case, the "Admiral" will be used for the purpose of getting chargers to be employed against England when "The Day" comes. Fortunately we still have plenty of good material, but it would be more satisfactory if the Home Government moved in the matter of remounts for army purposes.

Admiral Hawke is by Callinule-Admiration and gave glimpses of brilliant form as a youngster, but failed to maintain it. His opening win, the Coventry Stakes, was against such class animals as Neil Cow and Yellow Slave, and he also scored over Lemberg, but both Neil Cow and Lemberg subsequently turned the tables. His early retirement to the stud is rather surprising, but he certainly ought to prove a success.

RACING.

The Druids Loige people can afford to look on the result of the Cambridgeshires of 1909 and 1910 with much satisfaction. The easy manner Christmas Daisy won the race a year ago, induced many people to think the unsexed son of Vitez—Daisy had slipped his field, particularly as he failed badly at the Lincoln Handicap. We saw a better looking horse at Newmarket on Wednesday, however, and when the connection made an eleventh hour move in favour of last year's winner, the odds quickly shortened to 7 to 1. Whisk Broom remained favourite 3-1, but failed to stay the 9 furlongs, as predicted by many, would be the case. Lord Carnarvon's Mustapha "ran up" last year, and now met Christmas Daisy on one pound worse terms, Maher having to declare a pound overweight. Curiously enough the placings were, as in 1909, and it must be a record for the same animals to run first and second two years in succession. The winner is evidently a real good horse, as he carried 114 lbs. and ran 1 mile and a furlong in 1 min 56 2-5 secs.

A feature of the opening day's racing was the fine form of Danny Maher, who rode four winners during the afternoon. One of his wins was gained on Sandwich in the Criterion Stakes, Mr. Belmont's filly (receiving 9 lbs) beating Borrow. This indicates that the win of the latter in the Middle Park Plate was something of a fluke, a view of the compiler of the Free Handicap took. Both Sandwich and Borrow were bred in the United States, the former being by the English Derby winner Rock Sand out of Teas Over. Touching on animals from the other side of the Atlantic, sportsmen are wondering how Mr. Whitney's filly Banbi will perform here. She is due about November 12th and will be trained by Joiner. Her owner has plenty of money, nevertheless the price £6,000 (30,000 dollars) he paid is a high one for a two year old filly.

It would not do to omit mention of the win of Greenback in the Limekiln Stakes, and judging by the easy win (5 lengths) of Lord Villiere's colt over his only rival Royal Realm—indicates that he has come back to his early from.

BOXING.

Gunner Moir and Fred. Drummond should have met in a 20 rounds contest this week, but as the former hurt his arm, he paid forfeit, and it was arranged that the pair should try conclusions in one month's time. So as to prevent disappointment, Pte. Smith of the Royal West Kent Regiment was substituted for Moir. He is a light heavy-weight (a silly name) and created a big stir by having the best of matters for ten rounds, when he knocked out his rival. After this, the future form of the soldier will be closely watched and he may turn out a really good men.

Sam McVea had no difficulty in earning the winner's end of the purse in his contest with Segt. Sunshine of Paris, the Englishman failing to last through the opening round. All records were broken in regard to the entries for the Army and Navy championships and the game flourishes among soldiers and sailors. The finals will be decided this evening, so that comment must be left over.

IN GENERAL.

A six hours' roller skating race for amateurs was held at Brixton, on Saturday, and which ended in favour of E. J. Little with a total of 78 miles 388 yards.

G. Gray made breaks of 529 and 510 on the same day during a match this week.

London beat Birmingham by 6 goals to 1 in a water-polo match at Dudley, last Saturday.

The wonderful advance of hockey is astonishing, the important fixture list growing each week. The Universities opened their campaign on Saturday, Cambridge drawing against Beckenham, while Oxford went down against F. D. Stock's XI.

H. W. Stevenson suggests that a testimonial shall be raised for C. Dawson, whose failing eyesight prevents his following billiards as a means or livelihood.

Inman made capital break of 580 yesterday and he looks certain to beat Stevenson in their match at Hull.

Danny Maher and F. Wotton had another great race in the Dewhurst Plate at New Market, the judge being unable to separate Paryxus and King William, their respective mounts, at the finish.

G. Gray of Australia is prepared to play any man in the world a level match of 18,000 points up for £500 aside, the winner to take all the gate.

F. A. Unwin set up a new 150 yards back-stroke swimming record of 1 min 55·1-5 secs early in the week, which is two seconds faster than Max Wecksesser of Brussels accomplished when beating Unwin in the English championship two weeks ago.

H. E. LADY CLARKE.

First Public Function in Bombay.

HER Excellency Lady Clarke performed her first public function in Bombay yesterday, when she opened the annual sale of work held by the All Saints' Sisters in aid of their Orphanage. The sale which was held in the Hall of the Cathedral Girls' High School was very largely patronised. A number of ladies had come forward to contribute by their efforts towards the success of the sale, and the different stalls held by them were full of pretty and useful things. Among the stall holders were Mrs. Bowen, Miss Spence, Mrs. Lumsden, Mrs. Cartwright, Mrs Branson, Mrs. Meyer, Countess Thurn, Mrs. C. N. Wadia, Mrs. Kennelly and others, who were assisted by the All Saints' Sisters.

Her Excellency who was accompanied by Captain Greig, Military Secretary to H. E. the Governor, and Captain Davis, A.-D.-C. to his Excellency, was received at the entrance by Mrs. Bowen and the Rev. C. M. Barham, Acting Archdeacon of Bombay.

The Rev. C. M. Barham, opening the proceedings, said they were fortunate enough and were specially favoured in that her Excellency had made her first public appearance in this city by honouring them with her presence there that afternoon. By consenting to declare the sale open her Excellency had given an early proof of the great interest she took in every good work. This sale was primarily for the benefit of the Orphanage conducted by the All [Saints' Sisters, but it also did Christian work and therefore deserved the support of all Christians. The work of rescuing orphans from their surroundings and then giving them a training so as to make them lead good and useful lives was worthy of their sympathies. He concluded by saying that they all cordially welcomed her Excellency there on that afternoon by invoking God's blessings on Sir George and Lady Clarke, whose stay in Bombay he hoped would be a happy one.

HER EXCELLENCY'S REPLY.

Her Excellency declaring the sale open said :—"Mrs. Bowen, Mr. Barham, ladies and gentlemen,—It is a great pleasure to me to be able to open this sale of work as the first of many occasions on which I earnestly hope that I may be able to help all good causes in the Presidency and I feel very grateful for the warm reception you have given me. I see by the report that the All Saints' Sisters began their labour of love in a very small way, but now they have a staff of nearly 90 nurses and they have been able in addition to undertake educational work of the most valuable kind. It is impossible to estimate the direct and indirect good which they are doing in Bombay. We only want to know the discomfort of illness ourselves to understand what gratitude we can feel for the tender care and attention given to us when we are laid low. There is no nobler work that falls to the lot of us women than to help our sisters and brothers by alleviating their sufferings and in this way kindness and charity of heart are diffused, for no sufferer can leave a hospital where loving care has helped to restore him to that most valuable of all possessions, health, without feeling this, and therefore spreading abroad the spirit of true humanity. The public owe very much to the good women who are devoting themselves to the gentle profession of nursing in India where the needs are so great and so much remains to be done. It must be most gratifying to all who have the interest of All Saints' Home at heart to see what an important institution it has grown into in its life of 26 years. And I sincerely hope this sale which I now declare open will bring in substantial help to a cause which will appeal strongly to all whose wish is to lighten the burden of the helpless and afflicted."

A choice bouquet was handed to Lady Clarke by Miss Lydia Hillyard and Her Excellency, before departing, spent some time in examining the contents of the stalls and in making purchases therefrom.

Her Excellency then inspected the different stalls, and expressed herself as highly pleased with all she had seen there that afternoon.

AHMEDABAD NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 15.

The Hon'ble Mr. Saiyadal Edrus, who arrived yesterday, goes to Borsad to-day to attend a meeting convened in his honour, and thence proceeds to Deesa. He intends establishing a high school to perpetuate the memory of his father.

Mr. Karamali Nanjiani has been elected a member of the deputation of the Moslem League to await upon the new Viceroy.

THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

GREATEST ACTIVITY IN ALL PARTIES.

Series of Speeches by Leaders.

IMMEDIATE DISSOLUTION MOST LIKELY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Nov. 14.

Political leaders and members of the House of Commons are pouring into London, and there is the greatest activity at headquarters.

Lord Knollys called on Mr. Asquith this afternoon.

There is a firm conviction in both camps that the election will take place early in December.

Ministers on the Outlook.

LONDON, Nov. 15

Mr. Redmond has arrived in London.

Mr. Churchill, in a manifesto to his constituents, says a friendly discussion prolonged in earnestness and candour for months has ended in vain. The people's grievances remain in all their original harshness and unfairness. The House of Commons, in spite of a progressive majority, is still in the grip of a blank and sullen Veto. "We are now going", he went on, "to take the equal political rights we have so long claimed."

Mr. Haldane, speaking at Bristol, said he did not think that even Mr. Asquith knew when an election would come, but he strongly suspected it would come like a thief in the night.

Mr. Birrell said the conference was a great experiment which was worth trying. Nothing would induce him to say what happened, even if he were tortured.

Lord Curzon, in a speech last night, said the issue was not the Lords versus the Commons, but the nature of the Government of the country. He criticised the attempts to foist on the Unionists some form of Home Rule, which he did not comprehend.

Mr. F. E. Smith, K. C., speaking in London, said Tariff Reform would be in the forefront of the Unionist programme. He predicted a victory for the Unionists.

Mr. Bonar Law, in a speech in London last night, said the House of Lords would be reformed, but the country would first overthrow the Liberals.

Unionist Programme.

LONDON, Nov. 15.

The Unionist leaders met yesterday evening and decided that the electoral campaign should be conducted on a constructive programme of Tariff Reform, Imperial Preference, State Assistance for Small Ownership, Strong Navy, Poor Law Reform and Reform of Lords.

The papers are unanimous in declaring that the Government has decided on immediate dissolution.

The *Daily Chronicle* states that before the Election begins guarantees will have been asked and given that the will of the people as declared at the polls shall prevail.

LATER.

Expectant crowds watched the arrival of the Cabinet Council this morning as is usual in times of crisis. It is stated that Mr. Asquith will journey to Sandringham to acquaint the King with the result. It is officially announced that Mr. Asquith will not attend the House of Commons this afternoon when Parliament will meet and adjourn immediately.

TURKISH AFFAIRS.

Financial Deficit.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

Reuter wires from Constantinople that the Budget for 1911-12 estimates a deficit of six million pounds.

The Minister of Finance asks authority to raise a loan to cover the deficit.

Colonel Mukhtar Bey, son of an ex-Commissioner in Egypt, has been appointed Turkish Minister of Marine. He has been trained in Germany and has strong German leanings.

THE PERSIAN LOAN.

Preliminary Advance Already Paid.

LONDON, Nov. 15.

It is understood that the Imperial Bank of Persia has definitely offered the Government a five per cent. loan of one and a quarter millions sterling at a net price of 87½, involving the conversion of the Consolidated Debt. It is understood that as a separate transaction, the Bank has already advanced the Government a hundred thousand tomans, which presumably will be devoted forthwith to the task of restoring order in the South.

COUNT TOLSTOI.

Seriously Ill at Railway Station.

LONDON, Nov. 15.

Count Tolstoi has left the monastery for Sweden. He was seized with illness en route, and is lying at the railway station at Astapowo Riazen with a temperature of 104.

THE TSAR GOES HOME.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

Reuter wires from Darmstadt that the Tsar and family have left for Russia.

NOBEL PRIZE.

LONDON, Nov.

The Nobel Prize for literature has been awarded to the German author, Paul Heyse.

THE CORONATION.

Dominions to be Fully Represented.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The Dominions will have the fullest representation at the Coronation, and will send large contingents of white troops, Ministers, High Commissioners and other representatives of prominent places.

Among the great events of Coronation year, will be the Imperial Education Conference, probably in April. Ministers of Education in the Dominions and Colonies will be invited, and invitations will also be issued to Ministers of Agriculture to attend the Royal Agricultural Show.

AMERICAN AND MEXICAN SHOOTINGS.

Disturbed Relations.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

Relations between America and Mexico have been aggravated by an American shooting a Mexican at Guadaljara, and a Mexican assassinating the Chief of Police in Oklahoma.

Both President Taft and President Diaz have expressed their determination to suppress the disturbances.

LORD MORLEY HONOURED

The Nation's Strenuous Test.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

Liverpool University to-day conferred the degree of Doctor of Laws upon Lord Morley, Lord Rosebery, Lord Cromer, and Mr. John Burns.

Afterwards at a luncheon, Lord Morley said there never was a time when the firm thinking power of the nation was going to be subjected to a more exacting or more strenuous test than that now before us.

H. M. S. "BEDFORD."

Court-Martial Opened.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

A court-martial to enquire into the loss of the cruiser "Bedford" opened at Sheerness to-day. The taking of evidence was adjourned until to-morrow.

THE RUN ON A LONDON BANK.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The run on the Birkbeck Bank is slowly subsiding. Some people waited all night, but the crowds were smaller and were paid promptly. Many persons are now paying in.

PRINCESS CLEMENTINE MARRIED.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

Prince Victor Napoleon was married at Turin to-day to Princess Clementine of Belgium. A large and princely gathering was present.

GERMAN ESPIONAGE CHARGE.

Lieutenant Helm Guilty.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

Lieutenant Helm has pleaded guilty and has been bound over in £250. He has sworn not to repeat the offence.

WELSH COAL DISPUTE.

Small Increase of Wages.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The Welsh coal-owners have agreed to a small advance in the general wage rate.

GERMAN CROWN PRINCE.

Details of Itinerary.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

The Crown Prince of Germany according to official details of the itinerary issued will spend three weeks in Ceylon, but the visit will be private, and the Prince and Princess will be styled Count and Countess of Ravensburg. The Crown Prince will leave Colombo for Bombay by the "Gneesnau" on December 11. Seneschal Bismarck Bohlen, who arrives at Colombo at the beginnig of December, will accompany the Princess home. The Crown Princes's visit to India will last two months leaving Calcutta for Singapore on 15th February next.

THE NATIONAL CONGRESS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 15.

It has been decided by the Congress Reception Committee to hold the Congress on 27th, 28th, and 29th December next.

LORD MINTO'S FAREWELL.

Replies to Various Addresses.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

A series of farewell functions took place at Government House this morning. It began with the address of the British Indian Association, read by the Maharajah of Darbhanga, in which the land owning classes eulogised the services of the Viceroy by the reform scheme, and towards the general peace and prosperity of the country, and also referred to the unrest and the strong attitude taken up by Lord Minto for securing the vindication of law and order.

The Viceroy, in replying, expressed his appreciation of the sentiments expressed in the addresses, and referring to the reform scheme assured his hearers of the continuance of his sincere interest in India and all matters pertaining to India.

This was followed by addresses by the Bengal Landholders' Association, the Imperial League, the Behar Landholders' Association, the Mahomedan Literary Society, the Central National Mahomedan Association and the Oudh Talukdars.

His Excellency subsequently received deputations from the States of Bhawalpur, Patiala, Jhind and Nabha.

The Indian community entertained H. E. the Viceroy this afternoon at a farewell party which was attended by both leading Indians and Europeans. The Viceroy moved freely among his hosts. Their Excellencies were garlanded and left amidst ringing cheers.

LATER.

The usual precautions for guarding the Viceroy were taken by the police at the entertainment at the Town Hall here to-day. A youth of about twenty, who was found to have entered the hall without a ticket of admission, was taken into custody pending investigation as to his antecedants. The entertainment was largely attended and passed off most successfully.

The following are the texts of the replies given by His Excellency the Viceroy to the different addresses and deputations :—

MAHOMEDAN ADDRESSES.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

Reply to the address from the Central National Mahomedan Association :—

Gentlemen,—I thank you sincerely for your address and your cordial appreciation of my endeavours to preserve and further the interests of India during the last five years. Your Association was founded thirty-three years ago by the Hon'ble Syed Amir Ali with the object of promoting the well-being of the Mussulmans of India. But, whilst safeguarding your Mahomedan interest, it seeks to work in harmony with the Western culture and modern progressive tendencies with the strictest regard for a loyal adherence to the British Crown. Your Association has done much to promote the welfare of your community, a community whose faithful services have so fully deserved recognition. I thank you sincerely for all you have said of Lady Minto as well as of myself on behalf of your Mahomedan fellow countrymen and we shall carry away with us very warm recollections of the sympathetic farewell you have extended to us to-day.

Reply to the address from the Mahomedan Literary Society :—

Gentlemen,—It seems difficult to realise that five years have passed since you welcomed me to India in this hall. Those years have been full of political incidents, and I thank you sincerely for the appreciation you express of the policy of my administration. The Mahomedan Literary Society of Calcutta is the oldest Mahomedan Association in India, and I fully recognise the excellent work it has performed since its inauguration by Nawab Bahadur Abdul Latif. Your Society does not, I know, Gentlemen, take any part in political strife, but it has done much by its efforts to elevate the standard of Mahomedan learning, to fit the rising generation of your community, to take their share in the public affairs of their country. Your influence for good has been very great in that direction and I congratulate you upon the success of your efforts.

I thank you, Gentlemen, on behalf of Lady Minto for the warm acknowledgments of her work which you convey to her from the Mahomedan community. We are both heartily grateful to you for the words you have so gracefully addressed to both of us. We will always remember the friendliness of your farewell, and will I assure you, never lose our interest in the welfare of India.

TALUKDARS OF OUDH.

Reply to the address from the Talukdars of Oudh :—

Gentlemen,—I warmly thank you for your expressions of regret on my departure from India. In the last few years the Talukdars of Oudh have several times presented me with addresses which have been very welcome to me, and I well remember the last occasion on which they did so at Lucknow in 1908, when the political atmosphere was heavy with warning clouds, when I felt how thoroughly I could trust to your devoted loyalty and strong support and how much the Government of India already owed to your determined resistance to the preaching of sedition in Northern India as great landowners whose administration of their estates has very fully justified their inheritance of large possessions. You must always constitute a powerful factor in the Government of your country and I rejoice to hear your approval of the Council reforms for which I have laboured during my term of office. I hope they will continute to dispel the unfortunte agitation of the last few years, and that India will settle down again to reap the results of peace and plenty. As a fellow-landowner, I wish you every prosperity in coming years and shall look forward to the hearing of the welfare of your estates. I shall always value your appreciation of my services and remember the support I could so fully rely upon in the times of difficulty and shall never forget the warmth of your farewell to myself and to Lady Minto.

BEHAR LANDHOLDERS.

Reply to the address from the Behar Landholders' Association.

Gentlemen,—I thank you for the appreciative words you have addressed to me to-day. It has been very encouraging to listen to them on the eve of my departure from India, emanating as they do from an Association of long standing and great weight, and which is entitled to speak for the aristocracy, middle-class and the masses of the people of Behar. It is nearly five years since I received an address of welcome from you at Bankipore when I ventured to impress upon you the identity of interests of landlords and tenants which you represent.

It is that common interest which attaches so much value to the aims of your Association and to the opinion which you hold, I therefore heartily welcome your recognition of the beneficial effects of the recent Constitutional Reforms. The last five years, have, as you say, been momentary in the history of India." They have been full of many anxeties and difficulties, and you may well be proud that through them all Behar has been true to its traditions of loyalty and devotion to the Throne.

I thank you warmly, Gentlemen, for your reference to the services I have endeavoured to render in these stormy years. I thank you too on behalf of Lady Minto for all you have said of her interest in the welfare of the Indian women.

You may be sure we shall always cherish a sincere affection for the people of India and will never forget the kind words of your farewell.

BRITISH INDIAN ASSOCIATION.

Reply to the British Indian Association address :—

Gentlemen,—It is very gratifying to me at the close of my term of office to listen to the kind and appreciative words you have addressed to me and to the references you have made to the services of my distinguished ancestor as well as to my own. It is nearly five years since you welcomed me in Calcutta and you now remind that they have been years of much political difficulty and anxiety, anxieties in which you, as the representative of the landowning class with your great stake in the country, have actually shared and you gratefully recognised the Constitutional Reforms which have been inaugurated during my administration. It is my interest and hope that by the increased representation they afford to the Indian public opinion, they may continue to contribute to the welfare of the people and the peace of the country. You, Gentlemen, as the spokesmen of a great community, can do much to assure both political and material prosperity of India, and though I am about to leave your shores, I can assure you, I shall never be parted from a sincere interest in her happiness which I have had so much at heart during the five strenuous, but happy, years, I have spent among you. I thank you, Gentlemen, for your address.

BENGAL LANDHOLDERS.

Reply to the address from the Bengal Landholders' Association:—

Gentlemen,—The last I received an address from your Association was very shortly after my arrival in India and you now come to wish me farewell. I thank you very cordially for your kind words. We have, as you say, passed through times of great difficulty since I first met you, and I am grateful for the appreciation you have expressed of my endeavours to combat the agitation that confronted the Government of India. As a landholder myself, I can share with you in your many anxieties. I have always been anxious to strengthen your status as representatives of a powerful community whose interests are, to a great extent, identical with those of the majority of the population. I hope that your Association may continue to flourish and to further the objects you have in view. I thank you, gentlemen, on behalf of Lady Minto for all you have so gracefully said of her, and I assure you, we shall carry away with us very warm recollections of your farewell words.

THE IMPERIAL LEAGUE.

Reply to the address from the Imperial League :—

Gentlemen,—This is, I believe, the first occasion on which I have had the pleasure of receiving an address from your Association and you now come to wish me good-bye. I thank you for the appreciation of my administration you have so cordially expressed, and I am glad to have this opportunity of meeting you before I leave India, because I very heartily recognise the immense value of the objects your Association has in view. Its membership includes a numerous and influential section of the land-owning class in Bengal who have a real stake in the country and the spirit of the movement they represent, furnishes invaluable evidence of their determination to disseminate feelings of loyalty to the British Government, to denounce crime and sedition and to encourage the people to cooperate actively in its detection. Such being the objects you have in view, I have always been anxious to further the interests of your Association, and I sincerely hope that you may during the future receive the support of all right minded subjects of the King-Emperor. I shall look forward, Gentlemen, to hearing of continued success of your efforts and I cannot sufficiently thank you for the kind farewell you have extended to me to-day.

SIR A. AND LADY LAWLEY AT HYDERABAD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, Nov. 15.

His Excellency the Minister, Maharaja Sir Kishen Pershad, Bahadur, K.C.I.E., entertained their Excellencies Sir Arthur and Lady Lawley at a reception at the Public Gardens, Hyderabad, last evening.

About 500 guests were invited to meet their Excellencies, who arrived at 4-45 with Miss Lawley and party, who were accorded a salute by a Guard of Honour composed of the 3rd Infantry under Lieut. Stephens, H. H. the Nizam's Garrison, and Cavalry bands were in attendance, and the gardens and exhibition buildings were brilliantly decorated and later illuminated.

Among those present were: Sir Charles Bayley, Lady Bayley and Miss Bayley and Residency staff, Lieut. General Sir James Wolfe Murray, Major General Kenyon Slaney, Major-General and Mrs. Bimington, all the nobles of Hyderabad, the principal officials of H.H. the Nizam's Government and the majority of the Hyderabad and Secunderabad Society.

Their Excellencies departed at 6-15, and at night they were entertained at a dinner at the Residency by Sir Charles and Lady Bayley. This morning their Excellencies left by special train for Madras, via Wadi. The departure was private. A salute was fired by the Nizam's Artillery from the Red Hills.

MCDERMOTT MURDER CASE.

More Evidence Collected.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

Mr. Payne, District Magistrate of Howrah, took up the case in which Mrs. McDermott and F. Bennett who are charged with the murder of Sergeant McDermott of Government Railway Police. The prosecution prayed for an adjournment of a fortnight and in doing so it was alleged that further evidence had been obtained to prove that while the two accused were in police station, Bennett gave Mcdermott to understand that he would finish him off. Police had also secured a letter in which Mrs. Mcdermott wrote to Bennett some time before the occurrence not to do anything as yet until she sees him in office. There was also evidence as to how accused secured strychnine. The case was adjourned a forthnight and both the accused were realeased on bail.

THE NEW VICEROY.

Bombay's Greeting.

The following telegram has been received from Lord Hardinge, Viceroy-Designate, in reply to His Excellency Sir George Clarke's telegram :—

"Hearty thanks from Lady Hardinge and myself to the Bombay Presidency for their greeting. Our congratulations to Lady Clarke and yourself. We warmly appreciate your good wishes."

POLITICAL TRIALS IN BENGAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

Several cases relating to Political dacoities are now being heard. Mr. Macpherson, Sessions Judge of Hughly, yesterday began the hearing of the local gang case, in which Purusottam and sixteen others were committed under Section 400, Penal Code. It was alleged that the accused had habitually committed dacoity on sixteen occasions at different villages within the five districts of Jessore, Howrah, the 24 Parganas, Midnapur and Hughli.

Mr. Bradley Bird, Magistrate of Khulna, yesterday took up the political gang case, in which several young Bengalees are accused. The case is heard in camera as it has been decided to try it under the Crimes Act by a Special Tribunal.

Ten accused in the Munshiganj Bomb Case were discharged yesterday for want of evidence. The remaining three accused are being tried by the Additional Magistrate of Dacca.

Yesterday afternoon before Mr. Hopkyns, Joint Magistrate of Alipore, Harish Chandra Ghose was charged with having conspired with the Maniktolla Gang to wage war against the King. A warrant was issued against the accused on July 13, 1907, during the hearing of the Alipore Bomb Case, but the accused had been absconding until his arrest in October last. It was stated that the accused was largely associated with Satyendro Nath Bose, who was hanged in connection with the murder of Narendra Nath Gossain. The accused was, for sometime, the proprietor of Sadhana Press, where the "Yugantar" used to be printed and he was also for sometime the declared printer of the "Yugantar," thus associating himself with most of the accused in the Alipore Bomb Case. The case is proceeding.

CALCUTTA MAIDAN TRAGEDY.

Soldier Arrested.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

In connection with the maidan tragedy in which Private Epps of the Royal West Kent Regiment was found murdered, Inspector Neilson has arrested Private Bartholomew of the same battalion on a charge under section 304A of the Indian Penal Code of committing a rash act, thereby causing the death of a person.

The accused has been released on substantial bail.

The inquest on the body of Private Epps has been fixed for Friday the 18th instant.

RANGOON PORT TRUST.

Big Improvement Project.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Nov. 15.

In the course of a resolution by the Lieutenant-Governor on the administration report of the Port Commissioners for the year, it is stated that the steady progress has been made with the River Training Works on which over fifty-two lakhs had been expended by the end of the year. Revised estimates for the project amounting to one crore, thirty-four lakhs, have been sanctioned by the Government of India since the close of the year. The Lieutenant-Governor hopes that no obstacle will arise to delay the successful completion of work on which the future welfare of the port so greatly depends. The expenditure of such big sum on a scheme which is in the nature of insurance but from which no revenue is obtained, is naturally a heavy burden on the finances on the port. The Lieutenant-Governor notes with satisfaction the assurances given on the report that, generally speaking, the present establishment whould be capable of dealing with the business of the port for some years to come. The temptation to increase efficiency is one which has to be resisted in the interests of economy in all deparments of the administration.

FREQUENT VISITOR TO THE POLICE COURT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

Some excitement was caused in the Chief Magistrate's Court yesterday, when a young Bengalee named Lolit Mohan Ganguli was placed on a charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of two books. The accused was alleged to have been implicated in the murder of Inspector Nemdalal Banerjee, but was acquitted as there was no evidence against him. Lolit next figured in the Balasore Magistrate's Court. He was convicted of having trespassed into the house of Miss Kennyon, a missionary lady of Balasore, and sentenced to fifteen months' imprisonment. The accused denied the present charge. The case was adjourned to the 22nd instant.

PICTURES IN CALCUTTA TOWN HALL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

The Calcutta Corporation has had under discussion the question of hanging pictures in the Town Hall, and a committee was appointed to report upon the subject. The committee decided to recommend to the Corporation the following rules regarding hanging of pictures in the Town Hall :—

(1) Only portraits of eminent personages can be admitted to the Town Hall collection ; (2) except in special circumstances, no portrait of a living personage can be admitted to the Town Hall collection ; (3) only portraits executed by artists, who are members of recognised art institutions, can be admitted to the Town Hall collections ; (4) the donor of a portrait must provide Rs. 500 to meet the cost of maintenance.

GHATS HYDRO-ELECTRIC SCHEME.

Lonauli Protests.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONAULI, Nov. 15.

Papers in connection with the Tata Hydro-Electric Scheme having been received from the Collector of Poona, the Lonauli Municipality held a special meeting yesterday to consider whether any representation was desirable. There were present :—Mr. H. F. Carvalho, the Superintendent and Vice-President, Dr. Cook, District Railway Surgeon, Mr. Church, Resident Engineer, Rao Bahadur Vussonjee Khimjee, Mr. H. S. Dixit, Revd. Fr. DeMonte, R. C. Vicar, Mr. S. C. Chitoli, the Acting Mamlatdar of Nawal, Mr. Jaffar Raj Mahomed, and several others. Some householders were also present, among whom were :—Mr. Hawkins, Rao Bahadur Bhandarkar and Mr. Sharp.

The Chairman said that he had had an interview with the Chief Engineer, Mr. Dickson, who explained the project, so far as it relates to the proposed Lonauli monsoon lake with which the Municipality is more directly concerned. The Chairman placed the map of the lake in question and papers received from the Collector before the meeting and gave details of the project as explained by Mr. Dickson. He said he had asked that gentleman to attend this meeting to-day and regretted he was not present.

After considerable discussion the following resolution was proposed by Dr. Cooke, seconded by Rao Bahadur Vussonjee Khimjee and carried unanimously.

The Committee considered papers forwarded by the Collector under his endorsement No. 5091, dated 10th October, 1910, re-Tata Hydro-Electric Scheme together with the map of the proposed lake at Lonauli. From examination of the plan they find that the lake will be in close proximity to the town and bungalows in the neighbourhood of the Woodlands Hotel. They also understood that the water will be drawn off rapidly after the end of the rains.

They consider:—

(1) That the drainge of the lake, leaving large areas of swampy ground is likely to have a serious effect on the healthiness of the bungalows in the neighbourhood and probably of the whole town and seriously to affect the value of Lonauli as a sanitarium.

(2) That it will cause a serious depreciation in the value of the property in the best residential part of Lonauli.

(3) That a large area of some of the best building land in Lonauli along the present Sakur Pathar-road, the direction in which Lonauli, as a sanitarium is most likely to spread will be submerged.

(4) That the Sakur Pathar-road and with it all communication to Sakur Pathar, Tiger's Leap and the country beyond will be cut off unless another road is made.

(5). That, if the dam should at any time from any cause burst when the lake is full, it would flood all the lower part of Lonauli town and probably cause great loss of life and property.

(6). That the Municipality have recently acquired a large piece of land between the town and Bhangerwadi for extension of the town and bazar. This is immediately below the line of the proposed dam and the value of this land would be seriously depreciated for this purpose and possibly rendered worthless.

(7). That there are other objections relating to the Railway and the Bhusti Tanks which only affect the Municipality indirectly and regarding which they understand the Railway Company will pro[illegible] action.

NEW MEMBER [illegible] COUNCIL

Mr. Butler Asse[illegible]

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

A "Gazette of India" Extraordinary issued to-day says :—

"His Majesty the King-Emperor of India has been graciously pleased to appoint the Hon. Mr. Spencer Harcourt Butler, C.S.I., a member of the Indian Civil Service, to be an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General of India. The Hon. Mr. Butler has, on this day, taken upon himself the execution of his office under the usual salute."

MADRAS INSURANCE FRAUD CASE.

Spalding Sentenced to Four Years.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Nov. 15.

The case against C. J. Spalding which began on Tuesday last before the Criminal Sessions terminated this afternoon when the jury brought in a unanimous verdict of not guilty on the first count, and a unanimous verdict of guilty on the second count. He was sentenced to four years' rigorous imprisonment.

Justice Sir Ralph Benson, in passing sentence on Spalding, remarked :—

"After a lengthy and most carefully conducted trial the jury's unanimous finding is that you are guilty of criminal breach of trust in your capacity as a servant of the Commercial Union Insurance Company. That verdict, I may say, seems entirely in accordance with the evidence, and the offence, of which you have been found guilty, is of a most heinous character. Having regard to the position of trust in which you were placed and the extent of the fraud which you committed and also the audacity with which that fraud was perpetrated and giving due weight to what has been stated by Mr. Rosario on your behalf, namely, that you had been in jail since May last, I still find the offence is one which deserves exemplary punishment. I do not think I shall be doing my duty if I sentence you to less than four years' rigorous imprisonment. I sentence you accordingly."

A RAJA'S EXPENSIVE LITIGATION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

The Subordinate Judge of Hazaribagh yesterday disposed of rules obtained by the defendants in four Jaigir resumption suits, instituted by the Raja of Padma against the Manager of Encumbered Estates, and Messrs. Bird and Co., and Messrs. Begg Dunlop and Co., lessees thereunder. The rules were made absolute and the suits dismissed with costs, valued at a total of 23 lakhs of rupees.

INDIVIDUALISM.

(BY PESTANJI DORABJI KHANDALAVALA).

It is said individualism was perfectly unknown to antiquity. Man as a sacred being, whom society ought not to confiscate, was installed as a new dogma in the XVIII. century. It then blazed forth in the "Declaration of the Rights of Man" and marks a grand epoch in the history of humanity. To this explosion of individualism was opposed a first reaction at once English, French and German, by Bentham and Burke, DeMaistre and Lammenais, Savigni and Hegel. To stem this reaction it was reborn under the name of Liberalism. Benjamin Constant and Royer-Collard were its exponents, not to mention Fourrier and Proudhon, who though profoundly penetrated with the sentiment are often incoherent and contradictory. But a most terrible enemy calling itself

SCIENTIFIC POLITICS

stood up and raised its proud head. It rose with Comte. Positive philosophy considers human society not only superior to the individual, but as the only one endowed with reality. What exists is not man but men united as a social body. And is is this body which is supposed to have a real life and a conscience. Composed of the dead, the living, and those yet unborn, the state is a collective being to which everything ought to be referred, and which alone has rights. Individualism is rejected not only as an aberration of egoism, but as a pure nonsense, and a nothing which wishes to be taken for something. The doctrine of the state considered as a living organism, likens it to a tree of which each one of us is a drop of sap. The metaphors, "social body" and "social organism," have become realities, and are taken for such as when mathematics had its day, the words, "political machine," and "machine of the universe," were in vogue. Great minds like Renan and Jaine have not been able to restore to individualism its abolished rights and its forgotten honours. Now, what is the

NATURAL RIGHT

a child brings into the world when born. A right is a credit. I have a right on one when he owes me something. No matter if it is but a promise he owes me. Because in not fulfilling it he deceives me, abuses me, profits by my confidence, he robs me. A right is, therefore, always constituted by a convention, a contract, a word exchanged. To found it well, men invented a primitive or "social contract," a grand prehistoric convention, binding men mutually as debtors and creditors. The idea of contract bound to that of right, gives rises to those popular reflections which fall on our ears in the case of an infanticide: "The poor little child! It did not want to be brought into this world!" The gamiser means to say that in selling it to life, we constitute ourselves its debtor, and here is a clear abuse of confidence. It asks nothing of us. We promise it life. There's a contract. In taking its life away, a right has been violated. So the true sense of the word right is contract. Now, there never having been a contract no "natural right" exists. If anything, a child is born a debtor. If it breathes its first breath, it is because it arrives in a society regulated for centuries to receive and protect it. There is no trace of right in this. Would you take

RIGHT AS JUSTICE?

Try it. Where do you find it to say so? In Nature? Nature knows forces only. Society has invented justice. Is not that the opinion —if not the sincere opi[illegible] men of sense, who, as disciples and worshippers of some present day philosophers, come boldly forward to assert that, the Scriptures are largely played out? It exists as a social factor then, and not as a natural element at all. They take to it in proportion to social necessities and conveniences. Outside all existence of contract, what is it to be just? How far does an unlimited obligation bind me, a sort of obligation in vacuo? The reality of justice vanishes. Or justice is perhaps but an absolute equality. This means equality of rights, of fortune, of enjoyment. It is this adored error in which some great minds like Proudhon have floundered. Individualism has no indentures to go upon. But it is something much stronger than right.

IT IS A FACT

and an immense fact. Is it born of Christianity? Or, is it born of the same causes which rendered Christianity practicable? The great fact of the III and IV centuries is the diminution of the idea of state. The state omnipotent, the citizen nothing, the city everything, was an idea, a strong sentiment—in the small Grecian Republics or in those mighty oriental monarchies, religiously administered, where the potentate was a God. The single fact of the immensity of the great Roman Republic was in the way of the state being adored. The individual did not feel himself an integral part of a tribe, a swarm, an anthill, when the tribe occupied the whole of the known world and the anthill extended from [illegible] Bagdad. Besides, what interposed a new [illegible] of God, that is to say, a city by the side of another State, [illegible] one civil, and all was ap[illegible] was born. It [illegible] Ages. The [illegible] took the [illegible] idea takes as [illegible] is under this form [illegible] Revolution.

PATRIOT[illegible]

is what combats individualism.

nationalities, and race struggling against [illegible] the individual feel his rigat as such of little m[illegible] when his tribe is in danger and his race menaced. But the facility of communication, the easy exchange of ideas and relations between peoples, the possibility, formerly unknown, of change of country, in a word, all the cosmopolitan elements are adjuvants of individualism. They persuade the individual that his country does not count for much, and that in case of need he can very well do without it. Democracy also is an adjuvant of individualism, or an atmosphere where it can develop itself naturally. Citizens are but "associates", while subjects are "the faithful." The faithful loses himself in his God, and loves to annihilate in him his personality. The associate is devoted to his association but has always at the back of his head: "I am one of it, I like being one of it, but can have nothing to do with it, if I so wish it." A state or a nation cannot have such faithful devotees as a king can have. Patriotism in the small ancient Republican states had all the character of a personal devotion. One loved his town, his tower, his "little country" exactly as one loves a person. But love for one's "great country" partakes of much of the love one has for an idea and that cannot be much, nor is it the same thing as the other. Into what idea should individualism transform itself then?

AS A FORM OF CHARITY.

Understood and practised thus it can be upheld. What is sacred is not the human person in itself, but the idea of human fraternity. What we must not violate is not the person of the individual before us, but the sentiment in us that he is our brother. The bond of society is not the respect of the right of another; for how far does it extend? And what is it? It is the love for another. The substitution of the positive idea of charity for the negative idea of justice seems a desirable and necessary progress in these questions; and even their solution lies that way. There is but force in nature. In society there is force plus love. Love is feebler than force but real nevertheless. It is not justice but love that corrects force. "Love one another" is a commandment which traces a programme leaving nothing to be desired while being inexhaustible at the same time. It is a protest against that pseudoscientific sociology which made so much noise of late, that zoological politics given up by Herbert Spencer after having used it as a scaffolding for his constructions, and which Huxley refuted with scientific rigour.

NEW HENDERSON STEAMER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Oct. 15.

The s.s. "Chindwin," the latest addition to P. Henderson's fleet of steamers arrived here yesterday on her maiden voyage. She is 445 feet long and 53 feet broad with a depth of 31 feet. She has an ordinary speed of 12 knots, but can do 14. The vessel is steered by means of a telemotor and has a telephone services by which the forward and aft decks can be reached, thus doing away with shouting from the bridge. Bad weather was encountered on the trip out in the Arabian Sea and Bay of Bengal.

MYSORE ENGINEERS,

Reference to the late Sir T. Higham.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, Nov. 15.

At the second day's session of the Mysore Civil Engineers' Conference to-day the President, the Chief Engineer of the State, referred with regret to the death of Sir Thomas Higham who visited India in 1893. He described him as an eminent man and a most amiable and sympathetic officer from whom he had derived much encouragement and help. He was, he said, the father of the word "Cusec" which is used by the engineering world to signify "cubic feet per second."

WARNING TO INTENDING EMIGRANTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Nov. 15.

A Press communique, quoting an extract from the "Pioneer," dated the 28th of August, enumerating the difficulties of obtaining employment and the inconvenience arising from the regulations against immigration which awaits Punjabi emigrants to California, Canada and the United States, is issued by the Punjab Government.

RAO OF CUTCH VISITS SIND.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, Nov. 15.

His Highness the Rao of Cutch is expected to arrive here early to-morrow with a small select retinue by the steamer "Linga." This is the first visit of the Ruler of Cutch to Sind and His Highness has arranged that it shall be purely private. During the few days he is in Karachi, the Rao of Cutch will reside in the bungalow of His Highness the Aga Khan in Garden Quarter.

The "Sind Gazette" says His Higness will quietly travel through to Kohistan valley of Karachi District the haunts of the Ibex and Oorial, and will most probably visit that famous preserve Khirthur which was held during the length of his life by the late Mir Hussain Ali who so preserved that locality in Kohistan that it abounds in Ibex and Oorial. Mr. Rao of Cutch has invited the veteran sportsman, Mr. J. Strip, to accompany him on his shooting tour. His Highness will go from Kohistan to Khairpur on the invitation of His Highness Mir Imambuksh Khan, Ruler of Khairpur.

S. S. "PATRICK STEWART."

Sails for Persian Gulf.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, Nov. 15.

The Telegraph steamer "Patrick Stewart" left last night for the Persian Gulf, carrying an unusually large number of passengers including Mr. Withby Smith, Director, Persian Gulf Telegraphs and Major General Lloyd Payne, commanding at Karachi, whose trip, however, has no political significance.

INDIAN SOUTH AFRICAN LEAGUE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Nov. 15.

The Secretary, Indian South African League, Madras, has received the following telegram from H. H. the Nizam of Hyderabad:—

"With reference to your telegram to His Highness for a donation towards the support of the Indians in the Transvaal, I am directed to inform you that His Highness has been graciously pleased to sanction a donation of Rs. 2,500 to the fund of the League."

AGRICULTURE IN THE PUNJAB.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Nov. 15.

Punjab official agricultural notes say that the combined poultry, chrysanthemum and bee show at Simla was a distinct success for the first attempt, and so encouraging that it has been decided to hold another in June next.

Recent arrangements made with two Sikh zemindars of the Montgomery district by leasing to them 2,300 acres in the Pakpattan Tahsil for the preservation and improvement of the Montgomery breed of cows are also noted.

Reference is also made to free classes for zemindars and others for training in use of Agricultural machinery.

INDIANS IN MANCHESTER.

The Manchester Indian Association, which has now a membership of fifty, representing all parts of India, held a social evening in the Grand Hotel during mail week. Sir Thomas Holland and Principal Reynolds were among the guests. The Association is strictly non-political. M. A. Ali Khan welcomed the guests, saying the destinies of England and India were so linked together that the good of one was the good of both, and the cultivation of friendly relations and trust between the two peoples was the duty of each nation.

That Little Hacking Cough

Hard coughs are bad enough, to be sure. But it's often the little, hacking, tickling, persistent cough that means the most, especially when there is a history of weak lungs in the family. What should be done? Ask your doctor. He knows. Ask him about the formula on the label of every bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Ask him if this medicine has his full approval for throat and lung troubles. Then do as he says.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

NASIK CONSPIRACY CASE,

The further hearing of the Nasik conspiracy case was resumed at the Bombay High Court on Tuesday, before the Special Tribunal consisting of the Hon'ble Sir Basil Scott, Chief Justice, the Hon'ble Sir Justice Chandavarkar, and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton.

Amruta Ganpat Shinde, hospital assistant at Nasik, examined by the Advocate-General, said on the 13th January he was taken to the Sarkarwada where he saw Khare. He was semi-conscious, but came to himself within a few minutes. Witness asked him what the matter was, and found that he had not taken his food properly in the morning. He was taken to hospital, where witness gave him stimulants. He was all right the next morning. He did not complain of ill-treatment. Witness used to see the prisoners at the Sarkarwada and other places from day to day, but no one complained to him of ill-treatment.

Cross-examined by Mr. Baptista, witness said, Khare's condition, when he first saw him, could have been produced by a kick.

Re-examined by the Advocate-General, witness said there were no signs of a kick on Khare, who said he had not been feeling well and had not taken his food properly in the morning.

Hari Govind Vaishampai (13), examined by Mr. Velinker, said the accused Balkrishna Janardhan Marathe was his sister's brother-in law and lived in the same house with him at Nasik. In November of last year Marathe went to Poona for his Matriculation examination. During his absence the witness opened his cupboard for a book and came across a parcel, on opening which he found that it contained a pistol. The witness broke it up and threw it in the river near Sundernarayan Pool. He did so in order that it might not be used either by himself or by others. Subsequently when Marathe was arrested and his house was searched, Marathe asked the witness where the pistol was. The witness showed the police the place and the broken pistol was brought out by a diver.

Further hearing of the case was adjourned.

THE MYSTERY OF GORSE HALL.

Acquittal of the Accused.

LONDON, Oct. 29.

The great mystery of the tragedy in Gorse Hall, Cheshire, remains unsolved by the verdict of the jury at the Chester Assizes, who yesterday acquitted Mark Wilde of the murder of Mr. George Harry Storrs, a wealthy Lancashire mill-owner and contractor.

In this inexplicable crime, committed on November 1, 1909, two accused men have in succession been declared not guilty.

Cornelius Howard, a relative of the victim, was the first prosecuted, but at the Chester Spring Assizes he established an alibi, and was found innocent of the charge.

Mark Wilde, a young ex-soldier, who left the Worcestershire Regiment in 1909, was arrested in August last just as he had ended a term of imprisonment. He alleged an alibi and denied that the revolver left at Gorse Hall by the assailant was his, and his five days' trial before Mr. Justice Horridge has resulted, as stated, in his discharge from custody amid the cheers of a crowded court which there was no attempt to suppress.

THE MYSTERY OF MOTIVE.

The point which remains so mysterious, apart from the baffling identity of the murder, is why this shocking country mansion tragedy was perpetrated.

When Mr. Justice Horridge took his seat Mr. Nelson, the coloured barrister, who was defending the accused, began his address to the jury.

This was a remarkable case, he said at the outset, chiefly from the fact that Mark Wilde was the second man who had been brought before the Court to be tried for the murder of Mr. Storrs. The case turned on the question of identity—the identity of a person, and the identity of an article of property. Counsel pointed out that no greater difficulty existed in the courts of law than questions of identity of that kind.

The first thought that came to one's mind in this case was whether all that existed in the case was made known.

"Is there anything behind all the evidence that has been put before us that we don't know yet?" counsel asked. "The whole thing is shrouded in mystery. It began in the dark, and has ended in the dark."

GUN POINTED THROUGH WINDOW.

Mr. Nelson asked the jury to say that the tragic occurrence at Gorse Hall on November 1 began on September 10, when the gun was pointed through the window of Gorse Hall.

"I ask you to say that the man who was there on September 10 was not a burglar; that he went there with a specific object; that he bore some personal grudge; and that he went there to mete out vengeance against Mr. Storrs." When the man reached Mr. Storrs he said, "Now I've got you." What did that suggest? It suggested, counsel contended, that the person that the man had been waiting for had come into his power, and that he was going to satisfy his vengeance.

"In weighing the evidence in the case you will come to the conclusion that the man who murdered Mr. Storrs," proceeded counsel, "knew Mr. Storrs and was known by Mr. Storrs, that he harboured some deep feeling against Mr. Storrs, and that he went to Gorse Hall to kill him."

Mr. Nelson then referred to the trial of Howard, and dwelt upon the positive manner in which the witnesses for the prosecution swore to his identity. These witnesses, counsel declared, just missed committing judicial murder. He said that so far as the prisoner was concerned no reason was alleged why he should have gone to Gorse Hall and killed Mr. Storrs.

With regard to the incident in June last, when the knife produced in court was said to have been taken from the prisoner, counsel said that this was merely a case of mistaken identity.

Discussing the bloodstains on Wilde's clothes, counsel submitted that the clothes of the man who murdered Mr. Storrs must have been saturated with blood. Yet it required microscopic examination to find the blood on Wilde's coat and vest. That came from the blood on his nose.

No doubt had been cast upon the evidence accusing himself had given, and Mr. Nelson asked the jury for a verdict of acquittal.

The day's long sitting until 5-30 p.m. was devoted to speeches. Mr. Francis Williams, K.C., leading Crown counsel, spoke for two hours. Mr. Justice Horridge's summing-up occupied two hours and a quarter.

The learned judge remarked that the most important consideration in the case was whether the revolver found at Gorse Hall was the prisoner's. If the jury believed it was, that was a very serious feature.

Outside the court a multitude of people waited all the afternoon in the rain for the verdict, and the packed courthouse included many ladies.

The jury spent fifty minutes considering their verdict, and the prisoner on their return stood erect and soldierlike to hear his acquittal.

Mr. Justice Horridge: Mark Wilde, you are discharged. (Loud cheers.)

Wilde after his release was accompanied to the railway station for his homeward journey by a crowd of some hundreds of people, who cheered him.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Countess of Westmeath, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning:—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the name and figure head of Albion are on the wrapper, sold by Chemists Perfumers, etc.

HYDERABAD NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, Nov. 12.

H. E. the Governor of Madras, Lady Lawley, the Misses Lawley and suite, arrived this morning by train and were received at the Hyderabad Railway Station by the Hon'ble the Resident, Sir Charles Bayley, and the Prime Minister of the State, Maharaja Sir Kishen Pershad, and their respective staffs. After the customary formal introductions to those present on the platform—noblemen and leading officials, military and civil—the distinguished visitors drove to Falaknama Palace, followed by a long procession of motors and carriages. Next Monday evening a State dinner will be held at the Chundughaus Public Gardens in honour of His Excellency the Governor, to which a large number of the elite have been invited. Sir Arthur Lawley will leave Hyderabad on Wednesday.

It is understood that very shortly the marriage will take place of Dr. Talapurwalla, M. D., Edinburgh, F. R. C. P. and S., Dublin, with Miss Faridoonji, daughter of the amiable and popular Nawab Faridoon Jung, Bahadur, the politician and diplomat, who has with conspicuous success filled the Private Secretaryship in five succeeding regimes of Prime Minister in Hyderabad.

The Preliminary Census operations within the dominions of H. H. the Nizam have been definitely fixed to take place on the 10th February next.

A couple of months after the September floods of 1908, H. H. the Nizam's High Court was removed to the Asman Jah Palace buildings, as the building in which it was located was pronounced to be unsafe. The latter having withstood—contrary to professional opinion by local experts—to subsequent monsoon, they are now being whitewashed and put into habitable condition for the permanent re-location of the High Court and its office establishments, by which arrangement a large saving accrues to the public exchequer: For were a new set of buildings erected on another site as was proposed to Government, the scheme would have absorbed a couple of lakhs of rupees or more.—Wisdom may be late in coming, but, when she does, there is no gainsaying her right to our respect. And it is gratifying to note that our Financiers are at least capable of comprehending a "crucial climax even at its tail-end."

Under the distinguished patronage of the Hon'ble the Resident, Sir Charles Bayley, K. C. S. I., I.C.S., the pupils of St. Ann's Convent, Secunderabad, got up last Thursday on the convent premises a musical opera, consisting with a "Tableau Vivant," representing Faith, Hope, and Charity. The large Shamiana, fronting the stage, was full to flowing, and judging from results, the entertainment was a success from an artistic and pecuniary point of view. The first part of the programme comprised an opening address followed by musical drill and a cantata, "The Examination Day," by infants-which was amusing. The piano solo, "Le Carnival de venice," by Miss N. Falonjee, was excellent and was justly applauded and so was the local duet, "Alfie's Dream is Over", by Mrs. McManus and Miss E. Murphy. Then came an interesting dance and song, "The Flower Bells", by eight little girls, followed by a "At My Window," by Mrs. McManus and Miss Murphy. Part I concluded with the Opera Comique, "My New Maid," pourtrayed by Miss B. Bamford and H. Heaten, as Countess Grasmere and Lady L. l'Estrange, during which Mr. Marcar played the piano accompaniment. Part II. comprised two comedies, "Cup of Coffee" and "The Enchantress," and the young ladies who performed these acquitted themselves almost to the perfection of acting, while the tableau, "Faith" (Miss E. Watson), "Hope" (Miss D. Laver), and "Charity" (Miss E. Marrett) arrested admiration and took one away to Fairy regime. Both actors and trainers deserve well of the public for the pleasant evening afforded by them.

Preparations are having made on a grand scale for the reception of the German Crown Prince, who is expected to arrive here on the 17th December and leave on the 22nd idem, for which, it is understood, that H. H. the Nizam's Government has allotted a sum of Rupees five lakhs. The decorations, illuminations, etc. will be jointly carried out by the Municipality and the Public Works Department, and the sports and entertainments will usher in Yuletide with a splendour, not always to be expected.

LORD CROMER ON MEDICAL RESEARCH.

The Earl of Cromer, president of the Research Defence Society, delivered an address on Oct 24 at the inaugural meeting, in the Town Hall, Oxford, of the Oxford Branch of the Society. The chair was taken by Professor Osler, Regius Professor of Medicine at Oxford.

Lord Cromer said the bacteriologist who devoted years of unselfish labour to the preservation of human life and the alleviation of the human suffering required, in the eyes of most thinking men, no defender. His glorious achievements spoke for themselves. His praise was written in the hearts of thousands in whose houses the application of his discoveries had warned death from the door and turned mourning to joy. Did a man like Pasteur, of whom Professor Huxley said that he had saved the French nation more than enough to pay the Franco-German war indemnity require any defence, from the attacks of his puny antagonists? He thought not. Step by step the micro-organism of all the principal diseases—relapsing fever, leprosy, typhoid tuberculosis, cholera, diphtheria, tetanus, influenza, plague, and dysentery —had been tracked to its lair. In point of fact, it was not the society, but its opponents, who were on their defence. Their opponents, were obliged to resort to methods and arguments which he did not hesitate to characterise as in the highest degree unscrupulous. Mr. Stephen Coleridge was never tired of telling them that England was the only country which had legalised the torture of living animals. If ever there was a clear case of a suppression of the truth and of a suggestion of what is false it was this. The real facts was that England was the only country which had passed a law to prevent living animals from being tortured. In all other countries animals were wholly unprotected.

In a number of cases of plague in the Punjab, whose aggregate population was about 827,000, some 187,000 were inoculated four months before the plague appeared, and some 640,000 were not inoculated. Only 314 deaths occurred among the inoculated, while no less than 29,723 occurred among those who had not been inoculated. In other words, it might be calculated that experimental science saved the lives of about 8,000 human beings, and those lives, as Colonel Bannermann very truly remarked, would not have been saved had it not been for the series of experiments conducted on living animals. Would anyone be so bold—or he should, perhaps, rather say so inhuman—as for one moment to balance these precious human lives against the few score, or it might be the few hundreds, of rats and guinea pigs which had to be sacrificed in order to procure the knowledge which gave immunity from disease? It was, indeed, almost incredible that any doubts should exist on the subject, but they did exist, and they were the result not of callousness, but of ignorant and false sentiment, which, among those who allowed their emotions to predominate so entirely over their reason, obliterated all sense of relative importance.

In point of fact, a distinguished American, with the incisiveness characteristic of his race, recently put the case in a nut-shell. "At how many rabbits or guinea pigs," he said to the anti-vivisectionists, "do you value your wife, your husband, or your child?" He did not know whether there was any member of the Anti-Vivisection Society who, when he had been ill himself, or when illness had occurred in his family, had refused to avail himself of the knowledge acquired by the bacteriologist. If such a strange phenomenon existed he was quite prepared to do homage to his logical faculties, but, he should add, at the expense of regard for his sanity.

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, 7th November.

The weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury:—

Amount estimated in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1910-11	£15,500,000
Remitted from 1st April 1910 to 6th November 1910, by Council Bills *.	£13,103,667
Balance to be remitted from 6th November 1910 to 31st March 1911	£ 2,396,333

*Its sum £ 1,745,000 has been taken to the acco the Currency Reserve.

THE New York Aero Club Committee has decided to abandon the idea of holding elimination trials for the selection of airmen to represent the United States in the Gordon Bennett aeroplane race, and has chosen Messrs. Drexel, Brookins, and Hamilton to form the American team.

SOCIETY SENSATION.

Trial of an Ex-M.P. and His Wife.

The forgery case affecting people well known in society in the West of England, which has attracted much public attention for some months past, came on for hearing before Mr. Justice Bankes at the Cornwall Assizes at Bodmin on October 22. Mrs. Olive Alice Simcoe Willyams was charged with forging and uttering promissory notes to the total amount of several thousands of pounds, purporting to have been signed by her uncle, Mr. Brydges Willyams, of Cornanton, formerly member of Parliament.

Her husband, Captain Hugh Willyams, was charged with being concerned in uttering one of the notes for £2,000. Mrs. Willyams, since her committal for trial in June, has been in prison, but her husband, who returned from abroad and was brought before the magistrates a few weeks ago, has been out on bail. Mrs. Willyams pleaded guilty. She was even more pallid than usual, and was in a state bordering on collapse. She was taken out of court while the case against her husband, who pleaded not guilty, was heard. Mr. Foote, K.C., led the prosecution: Mr. George Elliott, K.C., was chief counsel for Captain Willyams and Mr. Radcliffe, K.C., represented Mrs. Willyams.

Mr. Foote said the prisoner was married to the female prisoner, a Miss Mark, in 1898. She was then in possession of an income of £200 or £300 a year, besides possessing real property valued at about £19,000. The match did not apparently meet with the approval of the Willyams' family. Living extravagantly, the young couple had got through practically the whole of their capital by 1907 or 1908. In June of the latter year they were in financial straits, and both were being threatened. Mrs. Willyams approached her solicitor, Mr. Grylls, and gave him a number of promissory notes purporting to be signed by Mr. Brydges Willyams. She also showed him a number of letters, also purporting to be from Mr. Brydges Willyams. Both the notes and these letters were forgeries.

The note concerning which the male prisoner was charged was given by Mrs. Willyams to her solicitor on January 20, 1909, she asking him to negotiate it for her. The moneylenders whom he approached wanted the signature verified, and eventually Mr. Grylls was invited to the residence of the prisoner at Tregorland, St. Just-in-Roseland, there (as he understood) to see Mr. Brydges Willyams and get an acknowledgment of his signature. Mrs. Willyams told him when he arrived that Mr. Brydges Willyams was too ill to be seen, but that he was prepared to verify the signature on the promissory note before Mrs. Willyams and Captain Willyams. The latter took the note from the solicitor, and he and his wife left the room together, ostensibly to go to the bedroom of Mr. Brydges Willyams. As a matter of fact Mr. Brydges Willyams was not there, and never had been at Tregorland.

SOLICITOR'S STATEMENT.

Mr. Charles Reginald G. Grylls, solicitor, of the firm of Cowlard Grylls, and Cowlard of Launceston, related the part he had unwittingly played in negotiating some of the notes. After receiving the signed note from the male prisoner, he went to see the moneylender, and, giving his personal verification as to the signature, got £1,500 for the note. He believed Mr. Brydges Willyams had signed the notes, and later he brought an action against that gentleman for the sums, but that action was withdrawn when Mr. Brydges Willyams denied the signature to the notes and to some thirty or forty other letters.

Mr. Elliott called for the series of letters read at the magisterial proceedings, which Mrs. Willyams gave to her solicitor as letters she had received from Mr. Brydges Willyams.

Mr. Brydges Willyams, an infirm old man, who needed the aid of crutches and was attended by a nurse, denied the authorship of the letters imputed to him by Mrs. Willyams. He also denied having signed any of the promissory notes. The male prisoner was the son of his brother who was the witness's heir. He had never been estranged from him but always had the greatest affection for him.

For the defence Mr. Elliott said that when Captain Willyams vouched authenticity of his uncle's signature he thoroughly believed he was merely giving the expression of his opinion as to the genuineness of the signature. He had just recovered from an operation for appendicitis and was in a weak state mentally and physically. Mr. Elliott stated that while the captain was on active service in South Africa Mrs. Willyams acquired the morphia habit, and gave way to intoxication besides having certain dealings, independent of his knowledge. Captain Willyams had left this country to take up a situation as an estate agent at Ontario on April 15 last and the moment he heard of these proceedings he voluntarily returned to stand his trial.

EVIDENCE OF THE ACCUSED.

Captain Willyams, giving evidence, stated that he was educated at Eton, and at the time of his marriage in 1895 held a position in the local bank. From this he retired at his wife's request when she came into considerable property. His South African experiences included several attacks of enteric and his capture by the Boers. His wife was also in South Africa during the war, and was taken ill. He returned to England in 1902 on her account. Coming to March 1909, the witness said that just before going to his residence at Tregorland he had undergone an operation for appendicitis in London. During March he was in a very weak state and suffering pain, having to lie down the greater part of the day. Until Mr. Grylls arrived on March 12 the witness knew nothing about a promissory note. He was greatly surprised to see Mr. Grylls there.

The solicitor asked me, said the witness, "whether I thought the signature on a promissory note he produced was my uncle's. I had no hesitation in saying I thought it was. Mr. Grylls asked whether it would be possible for him to see Mr. Bridges Williams, and I said I didn't think it would be the slightest bit of good. Mr. Grylls said it was necessary to have the signature verified, and my wife upstairs and asked her what this £2,000 was for. She said my uncle had made her a present of it. I said: 'What for?' and she said she had some tradesmen's accounts to meet, and would tell me no more about it, saying that my uncle did not want me to know anything about it. I felt extremely unwell at the time, and I sat down on the bed for some time, and afterwards we returned to Mr. Grylls' my wife assuring me the signature was my uncle's."

In re-examination, Captain Willyams said that he was always, and was still, fond of his wife.

There was applause in court when the verdict of acquittal was given.

SENTENCE ON MRS. WILLYAMS.

Mrs. Willyams was brought into court supported by a nurse and a wardess. She sat in a half-fainting condition in the dock. Once a leader in Cornish society, she now looked a picture of grief and despair. In passing sentence Mr. Justice Eidon Bankes said:—

"Olive Alice Willyams, I do not desire to add by my words to the misery and degradation you must feel. You knew as well as I do what a wicked woman you have been. Yours was a carefully-thought-out plan, not only for robbing your husband relative, but for blasting his reputation in the most wicked manner one can conceive. I have been told that you are a victim of the morphia habit, but I do not believe that you could have carried out these elaborate forgeries and have kept it up as you have done with such ingenuity and daring if your nerves had been worried in the way your counsel has suggested as some extenuation of your guilt. The sentence that I must now pass on you is that of three years' penal servitude.

Mrs. Willyams was removed in a state of collapse.

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THE STAFF COLLEGE.

The Military correspondent of the "Standard" writes:—There are few branches or institutions forming part of our Regular Army or affiliated to it in which substantial progress towards an increased efficiency has not been achieved since the South African war; but in none has this progress, perhaps, been so marked as in the case of the Staff College. The protracted struggle with the Boers afforded evidence of weakness both in the training and in the organisation of the Army Staff, and, although this weakness was only to a small extent attributable to shortcomings on the part of the Camberley War School, that institution did not come unscathed though the ordeal of the criticisms with which our military authorities were overwhelmed while hostilities were in progress and after their conclusion.

It is not suggested that there was anything very seriously wrong in the methods of instruction at the Staff College during the period immediately antecedent to the outbreak of the war. Far from it. The numerous reform introduced during the commandantship of General Hildyard were already bearing fruit, and such failures on the part of the staff as were noticeable on the wields were traceable far more to lack of proper training after leaving the college than to defects in the actual course at the college. Still, it had become evident when the military forces were brought back to their peace footing, after the final triumph in South Africa, that if a really efficient staff was to be created the methods at Camberley must be still further modernised, that the studies must assume a still more practical form that the number of students ought, if possible, to be increased, and that greater encouragement must be given to the staff of the institution with a view to attracting the best available talent to undertake these higher duties of military education. Now, at the end of eight years, it can fairly be said that the efforts to make the Staff College in every way worthy of confidence have proved triumphantly successful and that it will compare not unfavourably with any establishment of the same character in existence.

SIR H. RAWLINSON'S WORK.

When at the end of 1903, Sir H. Rawlinson was nominated to the Commandant by Lord Roberts, there were not wanting some who disapproved of the appointment on account of the youth of the nominee. They did not realise, as the Commander-in-Chief did, that the place wanted waking up, and that all that the very capable staff of the institution required was an energetic lead. Since that time the college has gone steadily ahead. The new Commandant brought with him one most invaluable qualification for the head of an institution to possess when that institution is in need of development which cannot be carried out without expenditure of public funds—the capacity of getting what he wanted. For twenty years previously to his assuming office the only addition to the admittedly inadequate military staff was represented by a single "Instructor in Military Topography." Within three years Sir H. Rawlinson had raised that staff from an establishment of five to an establishment of seven, and had secured the services of a permanent librarian to take charge of the fine library which for more than a generation had been growing up, dependent for superintendence upon voluntary assistance. In appearance his successor has no doubt achieved far greater things in the direction of expansion; but General H. Wilson has had the resources of an organised general staff at his back to aid in cajoling an obtuse and unsympathetic Treasury. It was Sir H. Rawlinson who broke the ice.

During General Wilson's period in command, lasting from the beginning of 1907 up to August last the framework of the college has been considerably enlarged, and its sphere of usefulness has been correspondingly increased. In place of the military staff of seven D.A.A.G.'s which he took over he has been able to pass on to his successor a staff mustering just double that number, consisting of two General Staff officers of first grade and ten of second grade of an A.Q.M.G., and of five D.A.A.G. The number of students has, moreover, been increased from fifty-two to seventy-two. At the present moment the final distribution of duties as affecting the representatives of the administrative staff—the A.Q.M.G. and the D.A.A.G.—has not been definitely settled; they have only been borne on the strength since the beginning of the financial year. Their presence is, however, a guarantee that the vital importance of maintaining close relations between the administrative and the General Staff has not been overlooked at headquarters, and that an effort is being made to put an end to the ridiculous system of watertight compartments which was so conspicuous a feature in our staff arrangement in the early days after the transformation carried out at the bidding of the Esher Committee.

IMPROVEMENT IN INSTRUCTION.

Within a generation the course of instruction at the Staff College has been altered almost out of recognition. In the unregenerate days of a quarter of a century ago most of the work at the college was indoor work of a somewhat academical kind. Mathematics were taught. Written examinations at the end of the year formed the fitting climax to a course which was in the main theoretical. Such outdoor work as was indulged in was largely of an elementary character. The edifying spectacle was to be seen of a number of officers, mostly of captain's rank but with a few majors thrown in, engaged in excavating an infantry shelter trench. An expert from the War Office would make his appearance, and would dole out marks—with a niggardly hand—for individual skill in manipulating a contrivance consisting of three lakes of wood and a plumb line such as builders use. But these absurdities had come to an end some time before the South African War, and for some years past the course has consisted very largely of practical work in the field, such as staff officers may be called upon to perform in peace and in war. There now is none of that repetition of the elementary instruction which cadets receive at Woolwich and Sandhurst, which used to be included in the syllabus. Moreover, the recent expansion of the instructional staff has brought it about that the students can receive individual assistance and attention from the experienced officers set over them, which was formerly almost impracticable. In the art of organising and conducting these staff rides, which have proved of such great benefit to the Army at large, the Staff College has from the outset taken the lead.

As regards candidates, the tendency has latterly been to depend more and more upon the plan of nomination. Twenty years ago this system was unknown, and the only road into the institution was that of competitive examination. At present about one student, out of every three, has been specially nominated, and it is not found that the selected officers prove themselves the weaker vessels during the course. A certain number of officers who have passed the prescribed age limit are admitted for a single year—an excellent arrangement which opens the doors to a few exceptionally capable soldiers who may not have had the opportunity of entering on the usual terms.

In view of the large numbers which the institution at Camberley and the affiliated college at Quetta can together yearly turn out, it may now be assumed that the requirements of the Army are very nearly met in so far as the preliminary instruction and training of staff officers is concerned. It is the subsequent training which presents the real difficulty. There are only a limited number of staff appointments available in which junior officers can learn the duties of the staff with troops. It is absolutely necessary—although the Army Council may not realise it—that close touch should be kept between staff officers and regimental officers. Staff College officers are required to fill numerous subordinate military appointments at the War office, and these afford in many cases very little training for work in the field. The same holds good in the case of the instructional staff at the Royal Military Academy and the Royal Military College. This question of subsequent training, in fact bristles with difficulties; but it cannot be said that it has been approached with quite the same intelligent foresight as has been displayed by those responsible for raising the Staff College to its present high standard of efficiency.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" its original colours without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

BILLIARDS CHAMPION.

Lord Chief Justice on Stevenson's Victory.

In the whole course of his career the Lord Chief Justice, Lord Alverstone, whose sporting instincts rank second only to his great legal accomplishments, has probably never known, nor is it likely he will ever know, such a quick transition from grave to gay as marked his public doings on Oct. 22. The earlier part of the day had seen his lordship presiding over one of the most sensational murder trials on record, delivering a masterly summing-up, and pronouncing the capital sentence in the gloom of the criminal courts at the Old Bailey. In the evening, temporarily freed from his professional duties, he was again the dominating spirit of an altogether different scene. The final stages of the great championship billiard match between those masters of the cue, H W. Stevenson and M. Inman, on Saturday evening, found the Lord Chief Justice a keen and interested observer among a notable gathering of all classes.

LORD ALVERSTONE ON SPORT.

When it was whispered around the hall that Lord Alverstone was actually present, conversation turned exclusively upon the quick change of surroundings and the life-long adherence to English sports ever entertained by his lordship. In the 'sixties he was a champion miler on the cinder-path, a cricketer of no small merit, and always a lover of the great indoor game. Not all the cares and calls of his high position have taken him out of reach of the games he has loved and played no unimportant part in. As president of the Surrey County Club, ex-president of the Amateur Athletic Association, and a frequent attendant at the leading billiard matches (like many other members of the aristocracy), Lord Alverstone remains closely in touch with sport.

It was a strong man's action, if, perhaps unorthodox, that prompted his lordship to steep his clear and penetrative mind with the evolution of the billiard balls and grace the closing act in a great game by his presence. There was much for him, as for the other members of a particularly demonstrative company, to note and admire. All the chances ruled in favour of Stevenson's victory, as the call of "17,250 to 16,533!" out of the 18,000 points of the match, told when the applause that greeted the players as they entered the room had subsided. At first Inman was the chief scorer, and a break of 169 points, steadily, yet easily, played, earned him the goodwill of the crowd in his uphill task. Stevenson seemed nervous and unable to settle down to his score. He made mistakes. But his form came to him again, and plying that deft cue of his he made two loudly applauded breaks of more than a hundred points. This was the beginning of the end, for now Stevenson dominated the play, and he set the seal upon his work by showing the world a masterly masterful collection of 347 points redolent, all along its line, of subtle touches and the daintiest cannon effects that the game can know. The house simply rose at him. Inman, too, had no cause to complain of the manner in which his concluding move of 24 was received. But the top note of enthusiasm was reached when Stevenson scored the winning shot and thereby again took up the responsibilities and high repute attaching to the championship title.

PLAYERS COMMENDED.

As the applause subsided the glittering challenge silver trophy endowing the championship was placed upon the table and Lord Alverstone was asked to make the presentation. For all the years he carries his form is that of a grand upstanding man and active still. There were none of the cold judicial tones which might well have been associated with a Lord Chief Justice to be heard as his lordship expressed himself proud of the honour that the Billiards Control Club had conferred upon him in asking him to present the cup. He spoke of the sportsmanlike conduct of the match and made especial mention of the fact that the Referee, Mr. C. D. Macklem, was a Canadian amateur. Inman received more than encouraging words for his plucky uphill struggle and his recent great improvement.

In calling upon Stevenson to come to the table to receive the cup, his lordship congratulated him upon a well-won success and the excellent display that he had given that evening. All the great players of the past, John Roberts, sen., John Roberts, jun., William Cook, and Joseph Bennet were known to him, yes he would say that Stevenson was the equal of any of them. With these words and suitable replies from the two principals came the close of a very notable function.

The final scores were: Stevenson, 18,000; Inman, 16,907.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

NAGDA-MUTTRA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 29th Oct. on 339·35 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
Total Traffic for the week	Rs. 12,000	Rs. 6,000	Rs.	Rs. 18,000
Or per mile of Railway	35	18	.....	53
For previous 16 weeks of half year	2,58,079	1,30,252	1,079	3,89,410
Total for 17 weeks	2,70,079	1,36,25	1,079	4,07,410
COMPARISON. Total for corresponding week of previous year	11,163	6,274	112	17,549
Per mile of Ry.	33	19	.....	52
Total to corresponding date	1,14,139	80,879	1,273	1,96,291

Increase for the week .....Rs. 451
Do to date .....Rs. 2,11,119

PALANPUR-DEESA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 29th Oct. on 17·28 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
Total Traffic for the week	Rs. 500	Rs. 440	Rs.	Rs. 940
Or per mile of Railway	29	26	.....	55
For previous 16 weeks of half year	8,440	6,527	80	15,047
Total for 17 weeks	8,940	6,967	80	15,887
COMPARISON. Total for corresponding week of previous year	527	375	.....	902
Per mile of Ry.	30	22	.....	52
Total to corresponding date	8,580	5,067	31	13,678

Increase for the week .....Rs. 38
Do. to date .....Rs. 2,209

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 29th Oct. on 1,773·33 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
Total Traffic for the week	Rs. 1,70,000	Rs. 2,20,000	Rs. 7,000	Rs. 3,97,000
Or per mile of Railway	96	124	4	224
For previous 16 weeks of half year	34,50,018	33,51,450	1,12,340	69,13,808
Total for 17 weeks	36,20,018	35,71,450	1,19,340	73,10,808
COMPARISON. Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,41,984	3,09,481	5,608	4,48,073
Per mile of Ry.	80	169	3	252
Total to corresponding date	28,49,722	34,39,601	1,11,418	64,00

THE INDIAN COUNCILS AT WORK.

A Typical Example.

The Proceedings of the Legislature of the United Provinces furnish an amusing illustration of the strength that has been added to the Councils by opening them to men of affairs. A general indefinite resolution was moved recommending the Government to popularise among the agricultural classes improved methods of agriculture, superior classes of seeds, and improved varieties of crops. The mover's speech had no substance in it, and consisted almost entirely of quotations at second hand from Liebig (sic) and the Director of Agriculture. It was essentially a book speech, and it was very effectively demolished by a practical landholder, was led off by remarking that he had seen many of the improved ploughs tried.

"As a means of experiment and demonstration they are good enough, but where is the one that has been adopted by the country as a whole? The cultivator, conservative and foolish as he is supposed to be, and not up-to-date as he is stated to be, has at least one quality—that he knows what suits him and what does not suit him."

This mention of ploughs recalls an experience of a district officer in another province, which is instructive in its way. Having got some money allotted for agricultural improvements in a Ward's estate, he laid out a pound or two in the purchase of half a dozen improved ploughs, of a cheap and simple type, which were used by European indigo-planters on their own lands. When the ploughs arrived, arrangements were made to have them tried before a number of leading cultivators, who undertook to find the bullocks to draw them. Here the first difficulty arose. The bullocks evinced a violent dislike of the unfamiliar plough and refused to go near it, and but for the efforts of some sturdy up-country constables they would never have got yoked at all. Eventually the ploughs were started and did their work admirably, though the jibbing teams produced rather a devious furrow. The village elders were quite enthusiastic, and pointed out in great detail how much longer one of their ploughs would have taken to give the same results. The Collector began to think he had solved an ancient problem, but Nemesis awaited him. When he got to business and asked them how many ploughs they would take for their own use at the moderate price of Rs. 4-4, they begged with one voice to be excused. How much did he suppose their ploughs cost? He happened to know and supposed they cost nothing, at least nothing in cash since the village carpenter and blacksmith did the work between them as part of their caste duties and got so many sheaves off the ground when the crop was cut. "That is so," they said; how can we pay four rupees for our ploughs? We are very poor men. And, O incarnate justice, there is another difficulty. You see the handle of your plough is so long that it takes two men to work it, one to guide the plough and another to twist the bullocks' tail. Now with our plough a man can guide with one hand and twist tails with the other." That settled the Collector, who retired to his tents to reflect on the essential relations of the tail of a plough to the tail of a bullock.

The speaker went on to shed some quiet but illuminating humour on the question of superior seed:—

"In my experience I have had to cases of improved seeds to deal with, and with your Honour's permission I will mention both those cases. Many years ago it was attempted to introduce the South Australian wheat. My father got a quantity from the Director of Land Records, and it was planted, watered, and tended. The plants grew up very healthy and strong. In fact the country wheat was absolutely nothing compared to these vigorous plants. But when the time for ripening came, unfortunately the climate of India was too hot for this wheat. The result was that although the grain was beautiful to look at there was nothing inside. Such was the crop that was gathered from the Australian wheat. In this connection there was a remark made by a Chamar tenant of mine who came to take some wheat from my father's stores. My father said: 'Why don't you take the Australian wheat? It is larger and better than the Indian species.' 'No,' said the Chamar, that wheat is only for the Sahib-log to eat. Give me the Indian wheat.'

"Another experiment was with the maize crop. A lovely crop was raised. The cobs were large and long, and beautifully gold coloured, and when they were dry the result was something astonishing. The number of the grains in each cob was at most five. The experiment had to be given up."

And so had the resolution for "popularising improved methods of agriculture," which the mover discreetly withdrew.—From "The Indian Councils at Work," in "Blackwood."

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT. COLONEL A. K. LESLIE V. D. COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 16th November.

224. Parades.—Saturday the 19th instant. 6 inch B. L. C. Gun drill at Mahaluxmi Battery.—Parade at Grant Road Station at 4-50 p.m. Cyclists proceed direct to Battery.

Dress.—Khaki and Helmets.

226. Parade.—Thursday 17th November. Rehearsal parade for members who are going to parade for Lining the Streets on 18th November at 9 p. m.

Dress.—Khaki, forage caps, rifles, belts and side arms.

229. Parade.—Friday 18th instant—The Corps will parade at Head Quarters at 8-45 a.m. at B. V. A. Head Quarters for the purpose of lining the streets on the arrival of Lord Hardinge.

Dress.—Drill order, khaki with arms and helmets.

B. K. GOLDSMITH, Capt., B.V.A.,
Act. Adjutant, B. V. A.

NOTICE.

The following is the result of the Spoon Competition of the 13th instant:—

500 yards.
Class 1.

Gr Thomson	...	...	32— 2=30
Gr Clyne	...	...	31—Scr=31
	Class 2.		
Gr Mitchell	..	...	30—2=28

800 yards.
Class 1.

Sergt Barker	...	...	33— 3=30
Sapper Leedam	...	...	31— 2=29
	Class 2.		
Gr Hayward	...	...	29— 1=27

Gunners Mitchell and Hayward qualify for Class 1.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V.D.

Bombay, 16th November.

1053. Detail for the week ending 19th instant.

To-day Wednesday the 16th instant.—Commanding Officer's Parade. Fall in at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 6 p.m.

Dress.—Drill Order Uniform with Caps.

Subject.—Outposts, manner of detailing picquets &c.

Field Service Regulations (Part I). Operations, Sections 75 to 89.

Thursday the 17th instant.—The Signalling class will parade at 7 a.m. at Sir Richard Temple's Statue.

Friday the 18th instant.—The Battalion will parade as strong as possible to assist in lining the Streets on the occasion of the arrival of the Right Honourable the Lord Hardinge of Penshurst.

Fall in at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 7 a.m.

Dress—Drill Order, Uniform with helmets.

II. All recruits of the current season to parade at Head-Quarters at 6-30 p.m.

III. "E." Coy. Parade at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 9-15 p.m.

Dress.—Drill Order Mufti.

1054. Rifle Club.—The rules and programme of the Corps Rifle Club may be obtained on application at Head-Quarters. The programme includes four matches on classification and two on Miniature ranges to be competed for during current month.

1055. Musketry.—The Miniature rifle range at Head Quarters will be open for Matches I and II and practice on Saturdays from 5 to 5-30 p.m.

II. The Range at Ghat Kopar will be available for Class Firing for Adults on Tuesdays and Fridays.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

Unless it is notified that the range is available for Standard Test members wishing to fire Standard Test on any particular date must notify Head-Quarters as an Officer must be present.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

LUXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin, writes Lady Constance Howard. Countess of Wemyss says: "It gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial Luxury for the Toilet, Bath and Nursery and leaves the skin in a soft, refreshed and healthy condition. Delicately perfumed. Of Chemists and Perfumers, Stores, etc., sell it.

BY THE WAY.

SHAP ABBEY.

The ruins of Shap Abbey, about the preservation of which the Cumberland and Westmorland Antiquarian Society have been expressing some anxiety, belong to the Earl of Lonsdale. The earlier part dates from the first half of the thirteenth century. The tower dates from the latter part of the sixteenth century. The ruins are situated about a mile from Shap village. The society referred to are desirous of doing something towards the preservation of the tower, but so far Lord Lonsdale has not fallen in with their views.

MELBA IN THE FAR WEST.

Madame Melba has scored a big success in Western Canada on her recent trip. In Winnipeg she was accorded a great reception and the box-office receipts amounted to seven thousand dollars. This is said to constitute a new record for Canada. Further, it is said that two thousand people were turned away, and many mail orders from outside points could not be filled. In Saskatoon, Melba had a similar experience. The opera house was almost mobbed, although seats were five dollars each, without regard to their geographical location in the hall. These experiences, the "Canadian Courier" says, prove two things. First, that the people of the West appreciate a first-class artist in the musical line; and, secondly, that the small crop of this year has not affected their ability and willingness to pay prices which would intimidate Toronto and Montreal music-lovers.

THE CHAUFFEUR AND THE SQUIRREL.

For many years one of the chief attractions of the Central Park in New York has been the number of squirrels, who are so tame that they will come right up to the benches and eat nuts out of one's hand. The Director of the Park "Zoo" now complains that they are in danger of being exterminated by the brutality of the chauffeurs. Coachmen are usually considerate enough to drive on one side when they see squirrels on the road, but motorists, it is alleged, seem to take a positive delight in running the little fellows down. The attitude of the average chauffeur, says the Director, seems to be "that he is teaching a lesson to the squirrel that he is killing."

OLD LONDON WALL.

The Old Wall of London, a portion of which, according to Sir Henry Tanner, was found on the site of the new Post Office buildings, in Newgate-street, was built about the middle of the fourth century, and enclosed an area of, roughly, 330 acres, little more than half that of the City of to-day. From the Tower it ran through the Minories to Aldgate, Houndsditch, Bishopsgate, along London-wall to Fore-street, by Cripplegate, Aldersgate, Newgate, and Ludgate towards the Thames, its course to our day being marked by a series of "gates." Until Old Bethlem Hospital was pulled down nearly a century ago, a considerable section of the Old Wall was to be seen close by, the hospital having been built partly on the City Ditch. It is interesting to learn that a bastion unearthed in newgate-street is to be preserved.

THE LATE KING OF SIAM'S FICKLENESS.

The late King of Siam was exceedingly fickle when in Britain it was arranged that his visit to Scotland was to last a week, Edinburgh and Glasgow sharing alike in the honour of the kingly presence. First, the Glasgow visit was deferred, and then absolutely abandoned, while the visit to the Scottish capital was restricted to a couple of days. The Royal programme included a visit to Edinburgh Castle when contains the jewelled regalia worn by the kings and queens of Scotland. When the party drove up to the Castle gates the King changed his mind, evidently presuming this treasure to be an insignificant article alongside some of his own costly jewels at home. At the Forth Bridge the resident engineer was about to give an explanation of the principle of contraction and expansion of the bridge, when the King interrupted him with the remark "It's too wet," and re-entered the train.

"A WISE AND PROGRESSIVE MONARCH."

But the King had his very good points. Mr. Frederick Verney, who was for many years attached to the Siamese Legation as Secretary and Councillor, once said that those admitted to the King's friendship spoke with enthusiasm of a personal charm not easy to define, but which had its roots in a rare combination of keen perceptions, subtle humour, wide knowledge, and broad sympathies. The King was only seventeen years of age when, in 1867, he ascended the throne, and during his long reign he proved himself a wise and progressive monarch. By abolishing slavery, diminishing the liquor traffic reforming taxation, stimulating education, and in various other ways he furthered the well-being of his people, as often as not in the teeth of opposition from the less enlightened of his own subjects, and in this way proved himself a worthy descendant of many remarkable ancestors.

THE "RECORD" APPLE.

Whatever country can claim the "Gloria Mundi" apple, the specimen sold for fourteen guineas at Covent Garden weighed only 27 ounces, which by no means constitutes the "record," as erroneously supposed. The "record" for size among apples seems to be held by a fruit belonging to the gigantic kind called "warner's King," which was exhibited by a Mr. Smith at the Ladbury show of 1888, and weighed just over two pounds. This variety is undoubtedly of British origin. It was discovered growing in the Kent hamlet of Weavering, near Boxley, towards the end of the eighteenth century, and was at first called simply the "King," but renamed "Warner's King" for distinction from numerous regal rivals by Mr. Rivers, of Sawbridgeworth.

WHERE THE "SEALYHAM TERRIERS" COME FROM.

The "Sealyham terriers," who have made a mild sensation in the Kennel Club's show at the Crystal Palace, seem quite strange to most English dog-fanciers, though they have been well known in West Wales for more than a century. Appropriately enough, they come from the picturesque little Pembrokeshire parish of St. Dogwell's, which lies about half-way between Fishguard and Haverfordwest, and is noted for cromlechs and rocking-stones, and also for being the birthplace of the bloodthirsty pirate, Bartholomew Roberts. They are called "Sealyham" terriers from Sealyham, the beautiful seat now of Mrs. Higgon, but formerly of the Edwards family, by whom these pretty little dogs were first bred.

ST. BERNARD DOGS.

Although the tunnels which now connect Switzerland with Italy have greatly decreased the importance of the St. Bernard and other passes, especially during the eight months of snow, it is still deemed advisable to employ St. Bernard dogs. It is no longer customary, however, to send out the dogs alone, with baskets of food and drink; a man always accompanies them. These dogs are not really of the famous St. Bernard breed. That originated in the fourteenth century, through a cross between a shepherd dog from Wales and a Scandinavian dog whose parents were a Great Dane and a Pyrenean mastiff. The last pure descendant of this tribe was buried under an avalanche in 1816.

RECORD ATLANTIC STEAMSHIPS.

It is stated that for some time past both the Cunard Company and a German steamship line have been contemplating the creation of new monsters that would render the Olympic as "small" comparatively as she has done the Lusitania and the Mauretania. The German Hamburg-Amerika Company has been spoken of in well-informed circles as likely to build a boat 930 feet in length by 93 feet in width, which is quite 53 feet in excess of the over-all length of the Belfast record-holder; and if the Cunard mean still bigger things the 1,000 feet spoken of would not, the "Glasgow News" says, be wildly out of the way. There seems little doubt, in any event, so rapid is the progress nowadays in naval architecture that, provided sufficiently big docks are provided naval architects bold and enterprising enough will be found to design ships far ahead of anything yet in existence.

FLORILINE.—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of Honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale, depot, 33 Farringdon Road, London, England.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

EVENING GOWNS.

Balls and receptions will this season, writes a Paris correspondent, have a much more brilliant appearance than for some years past. Colour is more lavishly used, and for variety of hue and shade the materials of the season have never been surpassed. Effects are all of the most graceful, with much draping and with marvellous relief of embroidery and jewel work. The little tunic that was so popular for a full season has developed this year into the little Persian jacket always seen in pictures of the odalisque. A close-fitting, gauzy jacket, edged with glittering fringes, falls half-way between the waist and the knee, and its results are charming. With such a finish to an evening dress the wearer must not omit the draping of silk or gauze put Oriental fashion over the hair. Russian in effect are the borders of fur introduced along with light and transparent stuffs such as chiffon and the tissues woven of silver, platinum, and gold. A Chinese Mandarin's coat, with bands of Siberian sable or ermine, out of which falls a frill of antique Italian lace, is merely a suggestion of some of the cosmopolitan influences brought to bear on the creation of our clothes to-day. A gauze tunic worked in satin flowers edged with skunk or sable above a silver fringe and held closely to the figure with a belt of folded satin is one of the prettiest fashions of the moment. Bead work is much done in coloured India-rubber tubes.

A COSTUME OF ERMINE.

A great sensation was made the other day at the Longchamp races by the appearance of Mlle. Suzanne Derval, the well-known actress, in an entire costume of ermine. The skirt was made without pleat or visible seam except in the centre of the back, and just wide enough to be comfortable in walking. Four bands placed at small intervals trimmed the bottom of the skirt, and these bands, in contrast to the skirt itself, were relieved with the small black tails of the animals. The jacket, cut in perfectly simple lines, was also made of the plain white fur, with the collar, the cuffs, and a somewhat wide band at the bottom of it ornamented with tails. The muff was of huge proportions, also in ermine lined with the same fur. Extraordinary as it may seem, this dress was not at all showy. But this may be accounted for by the fact that it was quite short. Another sensation was made by the hat. It is a round toque of skunk, completely covered with white aigrettes, giving the most charming effect of the dandelion flower run to seed, a big fluffy white ball, that made one of the most picturesque of hats, and was hugely admired.

A GREAT VICEROY'S VOYAGE HOME.

What sort of send-off did the Court of Directors and H. M.'s Government give the man who had worked for them so long and so hard and at the cost of his life? It has to be recorded with shame that the Marquess of Dalhousie was allowed to leave India without one word of thanks or civility from any of them. From each of these great authorities he did indeed receive a letter after he had ceased to be Governor-General, but not a kind word from one of them. His application for a few honours for those who had served under him was left unnoticed. A miserable cockle-boat of six hundred tons called the "Caradoc," a bad sea-boat without accommodation, was sent to Alexandria to bring home the man who had ruled India for so many years in such times and with such success. She could only carry four days' coal. They had heavy weather between Alexandria and Gibraltar, and were most wretched, arriving with all the forward bul-warks stove in. The Marquess was ill in constant pain, and very lame. It was out of the question to send him round from Gibraltar in the "Caradoc." The authorities at Gibraltar took pity upon him, and placed a good ship, the "Tribune," at his disposal. He was landed at Southampton on the 24th May.

"I feel," he wrote about the neglect that had been shown him, "that I have been treated most ungraciously and discourteously, after such services as mine, and though I say nothing except to you and such as you, I feel and resent it deeply. One person has treated me with honour and consideration, now as ever—the Sovereign I serve. That, too, I feel deeply."—From "A Servant of the Queen," in "Blackwood."

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BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

The "Bibliotheca Lindesiana" the printing of which was completed a week or two ago is a most interesting exhibition of the results of indefatigable book collecting on a large scale. It is a catalogue of Lord Crawford's library at Haigh Hall, and although by no means exhaustive, it is yet remarkable for the dimensions to which it runs. It is made up of four folio volumes of upwards of 2,000 pages each, weigh something like three-quarters of a hundred weight and has taken twenty years to complete. In the preface to this huge work—and it contains many things else of interest to book lovers—Lord Crawford tells of the various ancestors who collected the library down to the time when woman—that arch enemy of books—in the shape of the Lady Balcarres of the day permitted the greater part of it "to be torn up, thrown away, or used up by grocers for wrapping up bacon." Most of the books went, but the manuscripts remained, and Lord Crawford's father set himself to reconstruct the ancient heritage. He did so with great clearness of purpose. His library was not to be a "mere bibliomaniacal congeries," but a collection of the most useful and interesting books in every walk of literature, with, perhaps, a "bibliographical treasure" here and there thrown in. In respect of Oriental literature alone did he follow mere fantasy. Where he found no printed books he bought up manuscripts. Thus he by and by laid in a store of manuscripts in Persian and Arabic and, later, in Chinese and Japanese and in the various dialects of Hindustan. This department of the library Lord Crawford developed, greatly increasing its contents, and collecting with a view to exhibiting the "history of writing and art as treated in miniature." By this time he can show fine specimens of almost every written language ranging from the Egyptian papyrus of many centuries before Christ through all ages down to modern times.

A BITTER SACRIFICE.

At what cost so great a library was built up an outsider can only guess, but at times Lord Crawford was cruelly pinched in the carrying out of his schemes. Thus in 1881, when the Duke of Marlborough's library was to be sold, a whisper was sounded in his ear that he might have the whole collection for £20,000, but he could not lay hands upon the money, so the books went to auction. Now the result of the first sale alone was £19,300, and the sum total of all the sales ran to £56,000. Naturally Lord Crawford has "never ceased regretting" his inability to purchase. Worse, however, than not being able to buy books you wish is having to part with books you prize. That is what happened about 1888. At that time the falling due of certain mortgages coincided with a spell of commercial depression, and as he had nothing else to realise he parted with part of his collection. It was a "bitter sacrifice," but he knew the market too well not to be able to get the largest possible sum for the smallest number of books. About 1899 an odd thing happened. A business man with whom he had long dealt wrote asking if he had ever contemplated selling his collection of manuscripts. The answer was a flat "No." Eighteen months later the question was renewed with an added request to consider the matter at leisure and state whatever figure he would. Reluctantly he named a figure which in conjunction with conditions had laid down, he hoped would prove absolutely prohibitive. The collection was not to leave British soil it was not to include papers relating to the family nor those bearing on the French Revolution and the First Empire. Ten days later he had reason to regret it. A letter came, to his great disgust, closing with the terms, so his manuscripts had to go.

ENGLISH LITERATURE IN FRANCE.

The experiment of the Messrs. Nelson in putting upon the French market cheap reprints of French works printed and published in England has not lasted long enough to render possible any prediction as to its lasting success. The speech of M. Sarolea, however, at Edinburgh the other day, on "A Scottish Invasion of France," is interesting, not only because it reports progress so far, but because it also gives a glimpse "ab intra" of the views of the publishers as to the prospects of their "Collection Nelson." So far the experiment has been a success. It has been apparently even a brilliant success. During the three months since it was initiated the scheme has been accepted with "startling suddenness" in France. The public have been pleased to find that they might purchase for 1fr. 25c. in the form of a volume daintily bound a work which in the ordinary conditions they would have had to pay 3fr. 50c, for in paper covers. The authors also have been pleased. The royalties and profits made possible by a large circulation and by the cheapness of book production in Edinburgh have appealed to them. It is the publishers who are not cordial. They feel themselves in danger of being undersold, and there is already talk of calling for some measure to protect their interest analogous to that by which in America copyright is refused to books that were not set up in American printing-houses. M. Sarolea, however, is convinced that the publishers themselves will in the long run benefit from the stimulus given to interest in French literature by the dissemination throughout the world of the best writings of the day, because—and it is one of the points upon which he insists—it is not upon the Parisian market alone that they are being placed. They are widely popular in England, while upon the Continent, even in countries not French, French is the language of culture. Thus in Holland and in Germany, in Italy and in Russia, next to the native literature, it is French literature that counts, while there is also the American market. In short, M. Sarolea is confident that in the long run a Scottish publisher will be found to have done more for the language of Montaigne and Victor Hugo than all the French publishers put together.

HUMAN FLIGHT.

One more allusion to flight in literature at the risk of provoking the cry "toujours perdrix." This time it is Jean Jacques. M. Plan has been telling in one of the French papers how a bibliographical indication that in 1801 an unheard of work of Rousseau's "Le Nouveau Dedale," had been published set him upon the search. He had not found the book in the Bibliotheque Nationale when passages in the Grimm correspondence and in the Comte de Baruel's Life of Rousseau showed that the philosopher had at one time occupied himself with the problem of human flight. Running accordingly, his finger down the entries in the catalogue under the heading "Mecanique," he came upon the book. It is a brochure of 16 pages published from a manuscript of 1842, and from internal evidence demonstrably Rousseaus. Judging from the date, it must have been in Rousseau's head when he arrived in Paris from Switzerland with his comedy, his theory of musical notation, and fifteen louis to storm the capital. Why it remained unpublished was that it had an ill reception at the hands of his friends, and Grimm broadly hints that the author did not like to be roasted on the fact that certain experiments which he made had not succeeded. Indeed, he came no nearer a solution of the problem of a motive power than anyone else, and Baruel's criticism is: "It would require the wings of a windmill to support in the air a child ten years of age, and how are you to set the wings agoing?"

According to a recent telegram from Constantinople, a strong detachment of the 6th Turkish Army Corps has crossed the Persian frontier and occupied the districts of Urumia and Kirmand Shehir, with the object of affording protection to Turkish subject there. In accordance with the wishes of the Persian Government several battalions moved to Radjat, in North Persia, to suppress disturbances there, but were withdrawn as the Persian Government considered them a stronger force than the occasion required.

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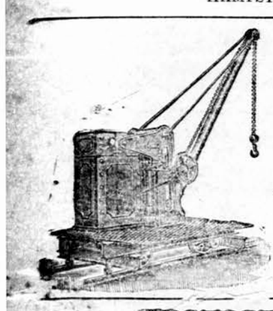

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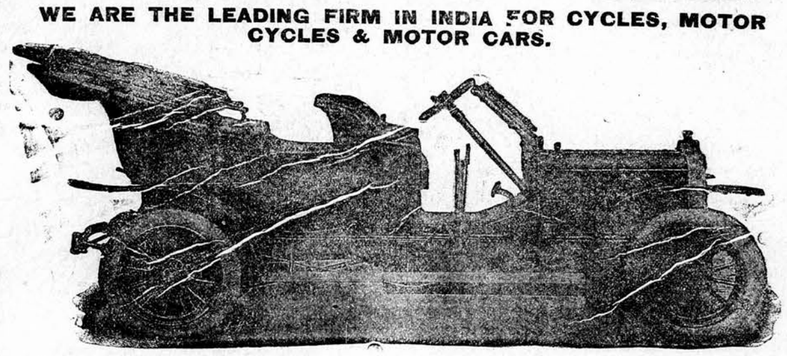

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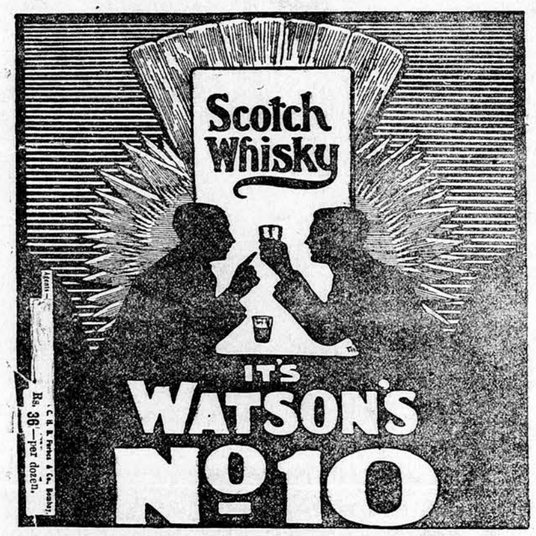

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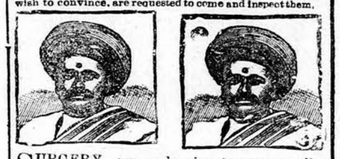

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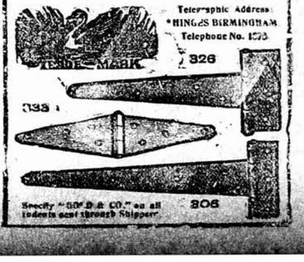

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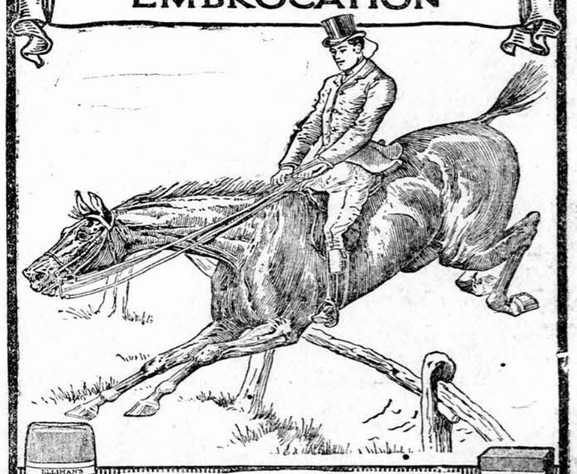

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